

RED ROOSTER

LIFTING

**AIR HOIST
USER MANUAL**

MODEL - TNC-50TW/4



FRONT COVER

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INTRODUCTION AND SPECIFICATION

Thank you for choosing the TNC pneumatic chain hoist which are available from 10 to 50 tonne.

Provided that the hoist is used and maintained in accordance with this manual it will afford you many years of reliable service.

Red Rooster hoists comply with the latest standards and are designed for safe and efficient operation.

Before installing the unit, please ensure that both the personnel responsible for installation, maintenance and operation are fully acquainted with the sections of this manual which are relevant to them.

This manual should be accessible at all times to the relevant person, in case of loss ask your dealer for a new copy.

SWL (TONNE)	MODEL	CHAIN FALLS	WEIGHT (KG)		FULL LOAD LIFTING SPEED (M/MIN)	FLR SIZE	MINIMUM HOSE SIZE (ID)
			3M HOL	EXTRA P/M			
10.0	TNC 10TW LPE	2	210	11.4	1.5	1"	1"
15.0	TNC 15TW/3	3	320	17.1	1.0	1"	1"
20.0	TNC 20TW/4	4	470	22.2	0.7	1"	1"
25.0	TNC 25TW LPE	2	490	21.8	0.6	1"	1"
37.5	TNC 37.5TW/3	3	870	32.7	0.4	1"	1"
50.0	TNC 50TW/4	4	1110	43.6	0.3	1"	1"

Specification sheet gives full details of actual model supplied.

The nameplate fitted to the hoist gives the details to identify and gives further information on the hoist.

Notations: The following notations are used throughout this manual.



DANGER

Failure to follow this instruction may result in a dangerous occurrence or fatal injury



CAUTION

Failure to follow this instruction may result in premature wear of the hoist or a component part of the hoist

GETTING STARTED - UNPACKING & SPECIFICATION

1.1 UNPACKING THE HOIST

The hoist will have been packed into a cardboard box or palletised (see weight details in specification)
Handling of all models of hoist & trolley will require lifting equipment and shouldn't be moved by hand.

WHEN UNPACKING:

Ensure that both hoist and any ancillary equipment are recovered from the packaging. Small or delicate items may have been packed separately. Check the contents against the supplier's delivery note and advise the supplier immediately of any shortages.

Ensure that the hoist and ancillary equipment are undamaged. If the goods do not reach you in perfect condition, notify your supplier immediately of any damage. Do not proceed with installation if the goods are damaged. **⚠ DANGER**

Ensure that a certificate of test and thorough examination together with a 'CE' certificate of conformity is included with the goods. Hand these to the 'responsible person' for safe keeping. Check that the identifying mark (serial no), the safe working load (lifting capacity) and the 'CE' mark appear on the hoist.

SUPPLIER / MANUFACTURER ADDRESS	Red Rooster Lifting Ltd Nauta House, The Meadows Oldmeldrum, Aberdeenshire UK, AB51 0EZ	Red Rooster Lifting Ltd Unit 26 Kelvin Way Trading Estate Kelvin Way, West Bromwich West Midlands, U.K. B70 7TW
TEL NO	01651 872101	0121 525 4162
MODEL	TNC-50TW/4	
SERIAL NO		
SWL	50000 KG	
DATE OF PURCHASE		

NAME PLATES

The name plate gives important information which must be retained. Hoist serial number, SWL, model, air pressure, air flow, hoist rating, chain size, speed, year of manufacture and the manufacturers name and address.

ATEX - Explosive protection

In Europe and several parts of the world the use of non-electrical equipment in hazardous areas is covered by the ATEX 2014/34/EU Directive. (Previously ATEX 94/9/EC)

As standard all Red Rooster hoists (except TMM-140) are rated for Zone 2 use (Ex Group II 3 GD Ex h IIA (T4) 135°C

The majority of Red Rooster hoists for use in an ATEX area can be certified for Zone 1 – Ex Group II 2 GD Ex h (IIB or IIC) (T4) 135°C

The following models can also be rated for mining (Ex IM 2) – TCR-500 to TCR-2000/2, TNC and TMH models. These hoists can be used according to Equipment Group I Category M2 where equipment is intended to be de-energised in the event of an explosive atmosphere.

The TCR-250, TCR-500/2, TCS-500 and TCS-980/2 models cannot be rated for mining.

CERTIFICATION

All new hoists are supplied with standard certification: Thorough Examination, EU Declaration of Conformity, which includes ATEX certificate where required. Other documentation is available by agreement.

IN THE EVENT OF ANY PROBLEMS OR SHOULD YOU REQUIRE ASSISTANCE CONTACT THE SUPPLIER AS DETAILED ABOVE
QUOTING THE HOIST MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBER.

PACKAGING MATERIALS SHOULD BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF ACCORDING TO LOCAL REGULATIONS.



GETTING STARTED - OPERATION

1.2 OPERATION

Red Rooster pneumatic hoists are designed for the lifting and lowering of loads within the capacity of the selected hoist model. Our ranges of hoists are all 'CE' marked and conform with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and the powered hoist standard BS EN 14492-2

Our range of hoists are available as hook suspension units, trolley mounted, built into low headroom units and cranes. Nearly all hoist models are also available as ATEX ZONE 1 or 2 hoists for use in hazardous areas, with corrosion protection, and can work in temperatures of -10°C to +70°C and down to -20°C with small modifications. When used outdoor or offshore hoists should be protected against the weather and examination and maintenance interval should be reduced.

Our hoists are extremely robust being developed over many years in the harshest of environments and will require little maintenance if kept lubricated on a regular basis. Noise levels can be found in the technical specification and as motor lubricating oil is supplied through the filter lubricator fitted to the hoist there will be a small amount of oil escaping into the atmosphere through the exhaust air: this can be piped away or collected using an exhaust cleaner. In certain circumstances and temperatures there is a danger of icing of the motor and exhaust silencer. This can be prevented by using an anti-icing lubricant such as Silkair or by fitting a dryer to the air supply to remove moisture from the air supply. Some anti-icing oil may damage air hoses and the o-ring in the hoist valve. ⚠ **CAUTION**

GETTING STARTED - CHECKS BEFORE USE & HOSE SUPPORT BRACKET

1.3 CHECKS BEFORE USE

These checks should be carried out during installation and on a frequent and regular basis thereafter. If the hoist is used daily then it is recommended that they are carried out daily as the checks take only minutes to complete and not only help avoid repair bills but significantly reduce the possibility of an accident or dangerous occurrence. Thoroughly examine the equipment prior to installation to ensure that no damage has occurred during transit. Hoists and trolleys should not be altered in any way without contacting Red Rooster for clearance, as this may affect the certification of the unit.

AIR SUPPLY CHECKS:

- Inlet pressure: 5 to 6 bar (there will be pressure losses across the air set and on long hoses) The supply pressure should not exceed 7 bar as this may affect the load limiter.
- Air flow: Check air flow requirement and minimum hose diameter also check that small bore fittings are not strangling the air flow.
- Keep the lubricator topped up with a light turbine oil (ISOVG3256).
- The filter should be checked regularly and manual units drained of water as required.
- **THE AIR HOSE SHOULD BE SUPPORTED SO THAT THE WEIGHT OF HOSE IS NOT HANGING FROM THE AIR SET AND FITTINGS. THE AIR SET IS NOT DESIGNED TO SUPPORT THE WEIGHT OF THE HOSE. SEE PAGES 7 AND 12 IF A HOSE SUPPORT BRACKET AND MANIFOLD IS FITTED TO THE HOIST.**
- The air supply should be clean and relatively dry. Where the compressor produces a lot of water action should be taken to remove the excess water.
- Check air connection size and type are compatible.
- Check security of air hose connection.

AIR SUPPLY CONNECTION:

Every installation is different, so the correct method of supporting the air hose should be reviewed while installing the hoist. This needs to take into account the weight and size of the hose, obstructions both at deck and hoist level, connections, operating conditions and any likely movement of the hoist and air hose.

The fittings and filter lubricator are not designed to take the weight of the hose.

If the air supply hose length is over 10 metres the hose ID should be increased to the next size.

AIR SUPPLY:

Vane type air motors are designed to function using clean, dry, lubricated air. The installation of an 'in line' air service unit although essential cannot in itself compensate for serious contamination in the air supply. When operating the compressor in moist (humid) or dusty atmospheres seek the advice of your compressor supplier with regard to the fitting of a dryer and filter. **⚠ CAUTION**

AIR PRESSURE:

The hoist is designed to operate best in the pressure range of 5 to 6 bar (72 to 90 p.s.i). The speeds quoted on the manufacturer's literature are obtainable only at 6 bar (90 p.s.i) inlet pressure. The hoist will operate at much reduced speed at pressures below this figure.

AIR FLOW:

Refer to the hoist data sheet, to select the hose diameter which ensures adequate air flow. Failure to provide adequate airflow will result in a pressure drop in the supply line and cause the hoist to stall and the brake to apply until the pressure increases. In addition, the brake will not release cleanly and will overheat. (Although not in itself a hazard [the brake will fail safe] it may prove frustrating to the operator and a hazard may arise as a consequence.) **⚠ CAUTION**

HOSE SUPPORT BRACKET:

Where a hose support bracket and manifold have been fitted to the hoist to take the weight of an air supply hose, several checks must be done.

- Check the hose hangs freely and does not interfere with the hoist chain.
- Check the hose is clear of the load to be lifted.
- Check the pendant hose is not obstructed by the air supply hose.
- Check the air hose is supported by the hose clamp / former / festoon system.



DANGER

- DO use exclusively correctly rated and certified pneumatic hoses and fittings in the air supply line.
- DO support the air line up to the hoist, as the fitting and filter / lubricator are not designed to take a load and may not support the weight of the hose.
- DO maintain the internal diameter (as per the table throughout the supply length) or reduce from the larger diameter to the smaller diameter in the direction of the hoist.
- DON'T use hydraulic fittings. These often have a reduced orifice size resulting in a down line drop in air pressure.
- DON'T increase from smaller to larger diameter or insert a length of smaller diameter hose in the supply line as this will result in reduced flow and pressure.
- DON'T create low points in the air supply line where water may be trapped (or if unavoidable install a drain tap).
- DON'T rely on pneumatic fittings to support airlines; they are not designed for this purpose.
- DON'T shorten the pendant by forming a loop or a coil. This will prevent the strainer wire from supporting the pendant and will cause the hoses to become detached or kinked.

GETTING STARTED - INSTALLATION & TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1.4 HOIST ASSEMBLY

Normally our hoist or hoist and trolleys will arrive complete ready to be fitted into position, but sometimes for transportation it may be necessary to disconnect the chain collector, trolley or the pendant control system.

- Chain collectors will be supplied with the necessary bolts and fittings to assemble on site along with any safety slings as shown in section 1.8 and chain collectors in section 7.4.
- Due to the size of some trolleys it is easier to ship split from the hoist, the trolley GA drawings show the load bar and top eye details for refitting and the control and supply air lines are numbered or colour coded for re-connection.
- Where long controls are fitted to a hoist they are colour coded for re-connection on site.
- When lifting into position either use the lifting points on the hoist or hoist and trolley, if the hoist does not have lifting points fitted securely fit slings to the body of the hoist or use the top hook if possible. Do not lift by the controls, valves, or the air set.



DANGER

MOUNTING THE HOIST

The air hoist is designed as a LIFTING MACHINE and as such is designed exclusively for the lifting loads vertically. Non vertical lifting will result in premature wear of the chain and chain guide and may result in damage to the limit arms or a failure of the limit arms to operate.

- Site the hoist immediately above the load which is to be lifted.
- Ensure that the point from which the hoist is suspended has been designed and tested to at least the same safe working load as the hoist itself.
- Ensure that the suspension point or shackle fits snugly into the bowl of the hoist top hook and that the safety catch closes to prevent escape.
- Use only certified lifting gear with a SWL in excess of the load to be lifted to connect to the load itself.
- Ensure that the lifting gear fits snugly into the bowl of the hoist bottom hook and that the safety catch closes to prevent escape.
- Ensure that the control length (pendant or cords) is adequate to allow the operator to stand away from the load, in a safe and secure position with the cords or pendant at waist height.

CLOSE HEADROOM WORKING

The lower hook of the TCR / TNC hoist includes a swivel arrangement. This allows the load to turn without twisting the chain. However, when repeatedly handling loads with the bottom hook close to the hoist, especially when rotation of the load is prevented, there is tendency for the chain to attempt to enter the guide at an angle. This is particularly pronounced on two fall units. If this problem is noticed when doing a trial lift, a high quality ball bearing swivel should be mounted below the bottom hook of the hoist.

CHAIN COLLECTORS

If the hoist has been supplied with a chain collector bag or bucket, and the chain has been stored within it during shipment, remove all the chain from the collector by hand, and remove any knots or twists. In all cases carefully feed the chain over the load wheel allowing it to fill the collector without any interference as it emerges from the wheel. This way the collector will fill normally. If the chain within the collector is disturbed great care must be taken the next time that the chain is fed out of the collector to ensure that it is not twisted or knotted. Chain bags and buckets are fitted with one or two brackets depending on the model and HOL of the hoist.  **DANGER** See additional instructions (Section 6) for large collectors.

1.5 TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The WLL of the hoist will be marked on the hoist name plate and also in the hoist specification supplied.

The reactions on the powered hoist on the support, runway beam or crane should have been taken into account in the design of the structure. The structure should be at least 25% stronger than when using manual equipment due to the shock loading applied by the operational speeds and the starting and stopping of the hoist.

All Red Rooster hoists are fitted with the following safety features

- Upper and lower mechanically operated travel limits. These are ultimate stops and should not be used to stop the hoist on a regular basis.
- Load limiting valve. After assembly and proof test the load limiting valve set is set to stop the operation of the hoist if an overload is detected. The hoist will stop lifting but will still lower the load.
- The disc brake is spring applied so when the controls are not operated or in the event of loss of air supply the brake is applied holding the load in position.
- On pendant controlled hoists an emergency stop button is fitted which connects to a normally open valve either located in the hoist valve chamber or connected to the hoist. When the emergency stop button is pushed or if the air supply to the hoist is cut off then the valve will close stopping the hoist.
- Red Rooster hoists have a 5:1 factor of safety.

GETTING STARTED - HOIST CHECKS

1.6 HOIST CHECKS BEFORE USE

HOIST CHECKS (AIR SUPPLY OFF)

- Hook swivels satisfactorily and the safety catches work correctly.
- Load chain is undamaged and lubricated (light mineral oil).
- The load chain is not twisted through (two fall or more models) and that the load chain passed through the limit lever (All models).
- The load chain anchor is sound (both live and slack end).
- Check for damage to the hoist, pendant and control lines.
- Do not operated below -10°C or above 70°C without contacting Red Rooster. (The hoist can be used down to -20°C with small modifications)

HOIST CHECKS (AIR SUPPLY ON)

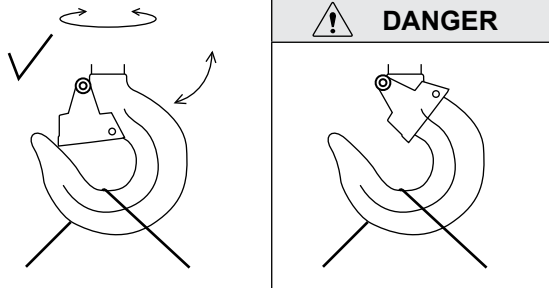
- The pendant buttons, levers or cords should be smooth to operate and return to neutral when released (hoist stops and does not run on).
- The hoist is run up and down on a regular basis. Where hoists are hanging in a dry and protected area they should be run weekly, where the hoist is outside and not protected it should be checked, lubricated and run daily.
- The emergency stop button / valve operates immediately.
- Upper and lower limit switches / levers work satisfactorily.
- Load chains run smoothly over the pocket wheel.
- The load chain should be examined periodically for cracks, gouges and wear.
- Chain collectors should be checked for security and chain capacity.
- Check chain runs in and out of the chain collector smoothly.
- For hoists with a long drop of chain or a large chain collector a separate suspension point may be required (see section 1.8).
- Cord control hoists should have the toggles marked for raise and lower.
- On cord controls check the spool valve returns to neutral and the hoist stops when the cord is released. (hoist stops and does not run on).
- Check the silencer is not partially blocked by comparing the running speed without load against the speed in the manual. ⚠ **DANGER**

NEVER RELEASE THE EMERGENCY STOP BUTTON UNTIL IT IS SAFE TO DO SO

Hoist swivels satisfactorily.

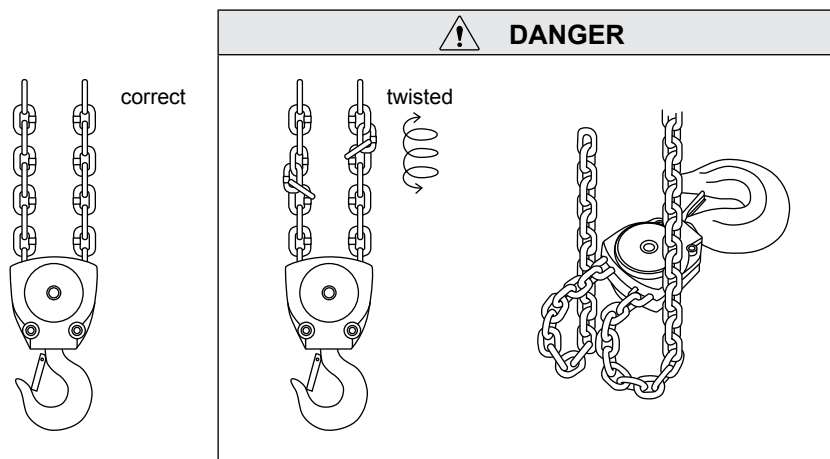
Hoist safety claws functional and undamaged.

Safety claw



Chain undamaged

Chain not twisted through (two fall models see sketch)



GETTING STARTED - HOIST CHECKS & INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

1.7 HOIST CONTROLS

Air hoists can be controlled by either a pull cord or a pendant control operating the spool valve of the hoist operating raise and lower. The diagram in section 1.8 shows the set up for both types of control and the location on the hoist body.

Cord or pendant hose lengths should be long enough for the operator to stand away from under the load but still with the cord toggles or the pendant suspended at a height of around 1 metre from the operating level. Where the controls have to be to the side of the hoist or where the operator cannot see the load travelling the full range of the lift a banksman should be appointed to assist the operator using a reliable means of communication.

Both toggles on the cord controls should be marked for correct operation of the hoist. The emergency stop button on the pendant control should also be marked.

1.8 ADDITIONAL INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Hook suspension with long chain drops.

Problem:

When a long heavy chain is fitted, and the 'raise' is pressed with the hoist in an unloaded condition, due to the centre line of the hoist having been affected by the weight of chain, the upper limit switch, may fail to operate. In addition, the slack load chain may on some modules foul the limit lever arms, thus preventing it from returning to the centre (neutral position).

Resolution:

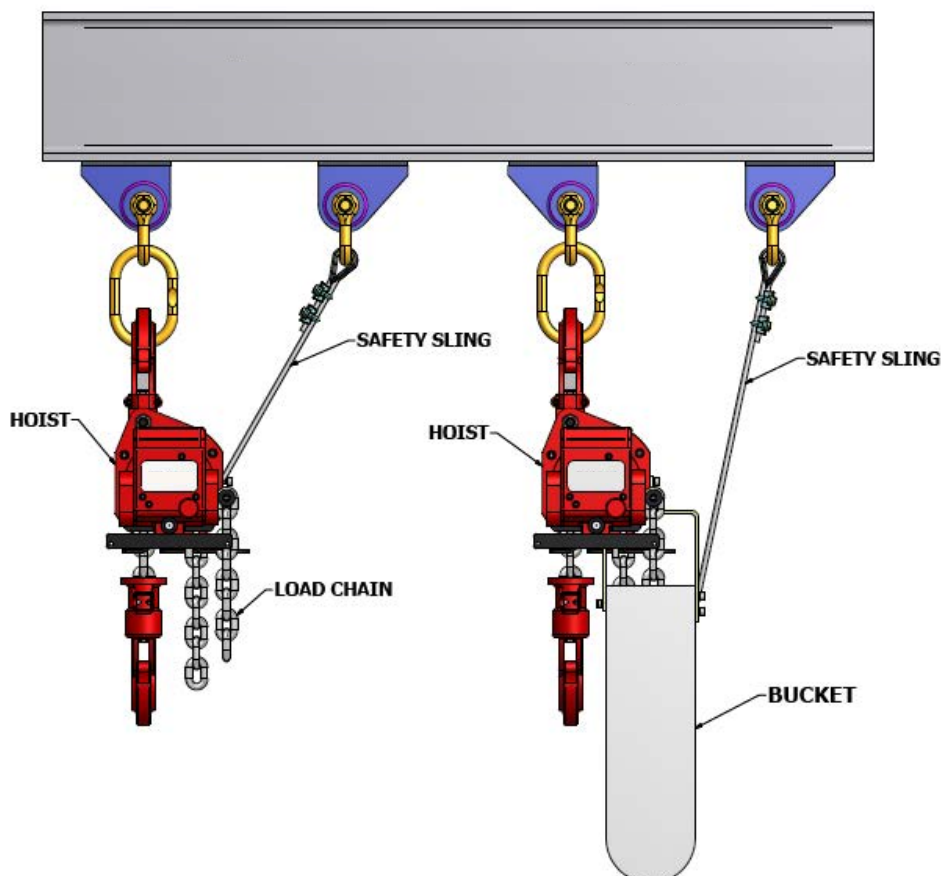
A short length of wire rope, 6mm diameter, is fitted to the hoists and bulldog grips have been supplied.

Suspend the hoist in its final location and with as much chain as possible in use. Apply a small load to the hoist and lift it clear of the ground.

Connect the wire rope sling to the support steel alongside the top hook using bulldog grips.

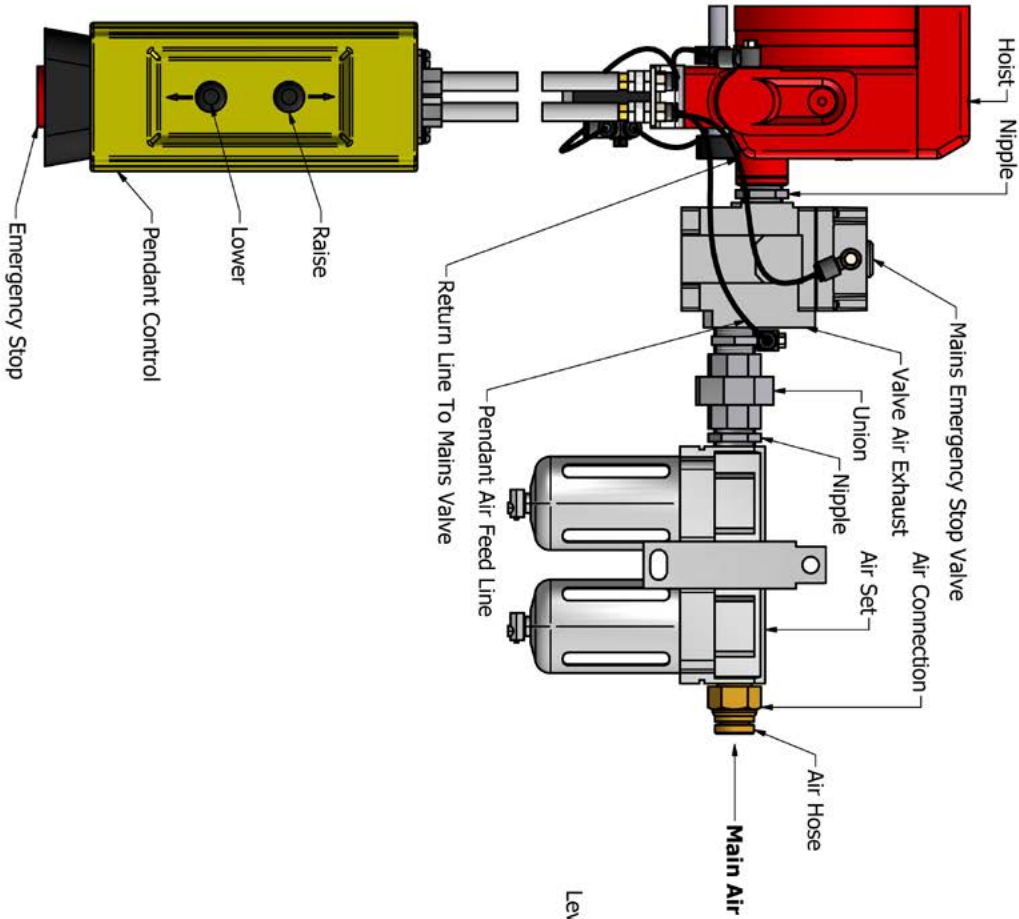
The tension in this sling should be enough to counteract most of the weight of the slack chain produced in the fully raised position, but it must not be tensioned such that it is carrying any of the load supported by the hoist. i.e. if fitted correctly, in an unloaded condition, the sling will be tensioned with the hoist ALMOST in the vertical position. When the load is applied, the tension in the sling will be slack.

THE SLING IS NOT CAPABLE OF HOLDING THE LOADS CARRIED BY THE HOIST

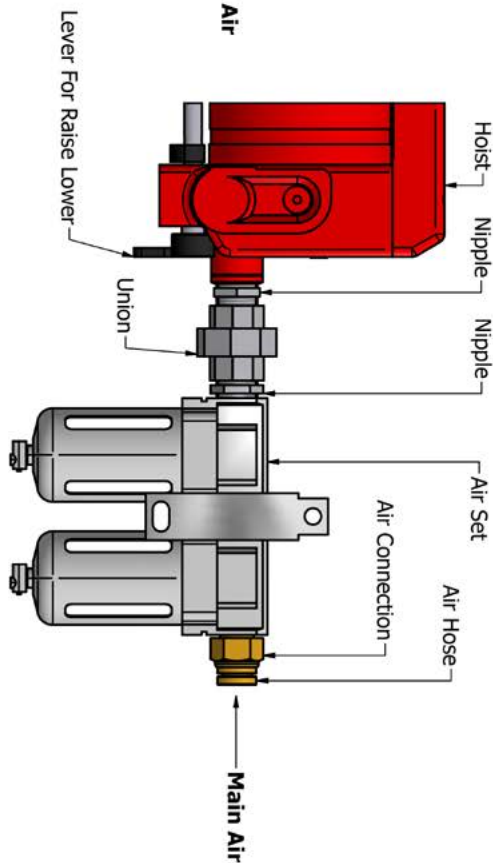


GETTING STARTED

**STANDARD HOSE CONNECTION
PENDANT CONTROL OR
HOIST WITH EXTERNAL
EMERGENCY STOP VALVE**



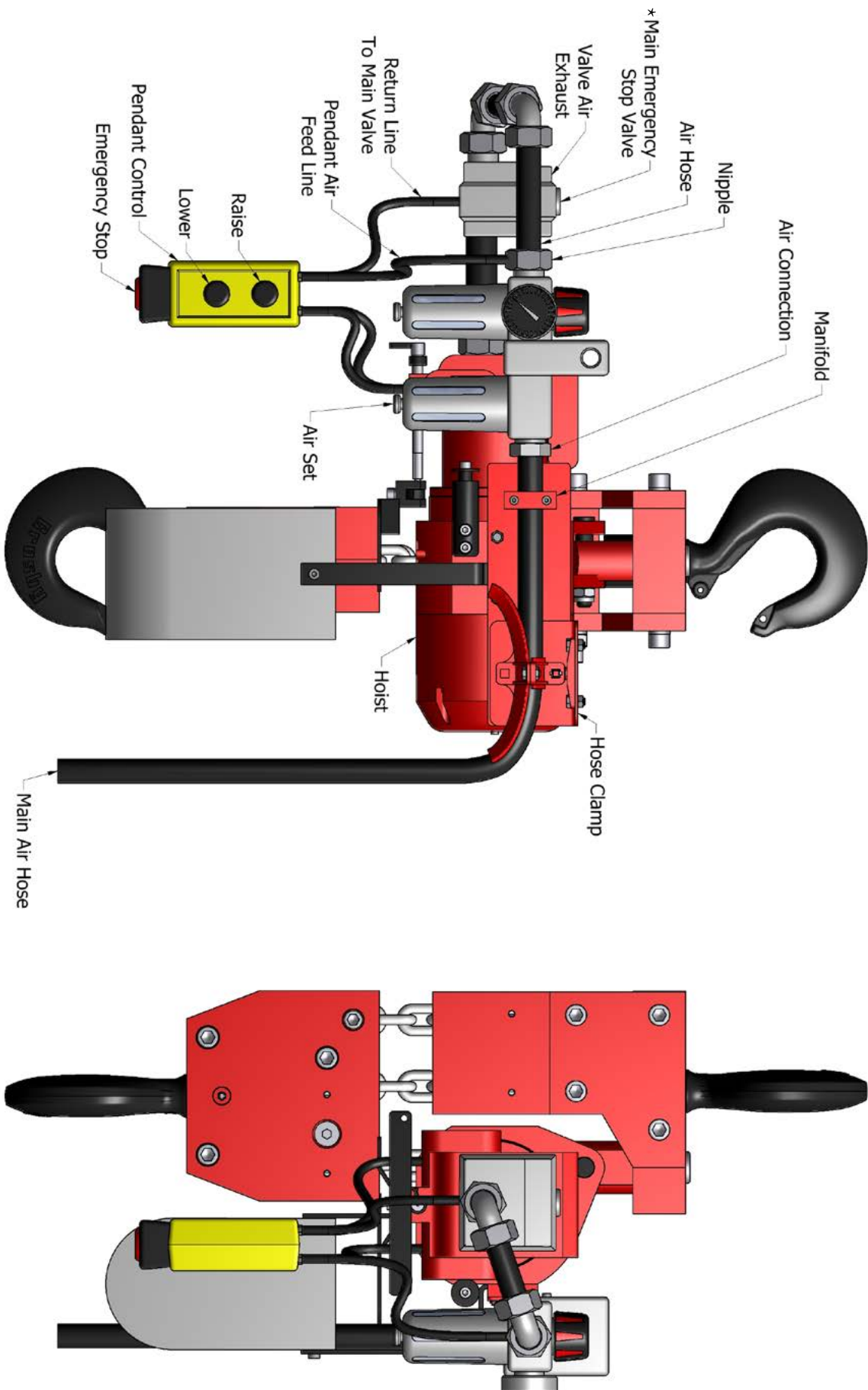
**STANDARD HOSE CONNECTION
CORD CONTROL OR
HOIST WITH INTERNAL
EMERGENCY STOP VALVE**





GETTING STARTED

Air Hose Connection with Hose Clamp and Manifold



* Some hoists are fitted with internal emergency stop valves

LUBRICATION

2.1

Item	Oil Type	Frequency
Lubricator Unit Main Air Supply	Atlub Medium to light turbine oil ISO VG 32-56 Or any quality airline lubricant (See note 1)	10 to 15 drops per minute Do not allow lubricator to run out of oil
Load Chain	Normal industrial - any light mineral oil Clean areas - wax based, semi setting Food industry - suitable vegetable oil (See note 2)	Weekly / monthly subject to environment / use
Limit Lever Linkages and Anchor pins	No. 2 grease	Monthly or more frequently in aggressive environments
Gearbox	High temperature EP2 grease	Only at major overhaul

Note 1

In all cases oil will be expelled from the hoist exhaust. The amount discharged is proportional to the delivery rate of the lubricator. In environments where oil in the exhaust cannot be tolerated, the exhaust can be piped away to a safe area, but this requires specialist modification of the hoist (See air service equipment) - CONSULT YOUR DEALER. ⚠ **CAUTION**

Note 2

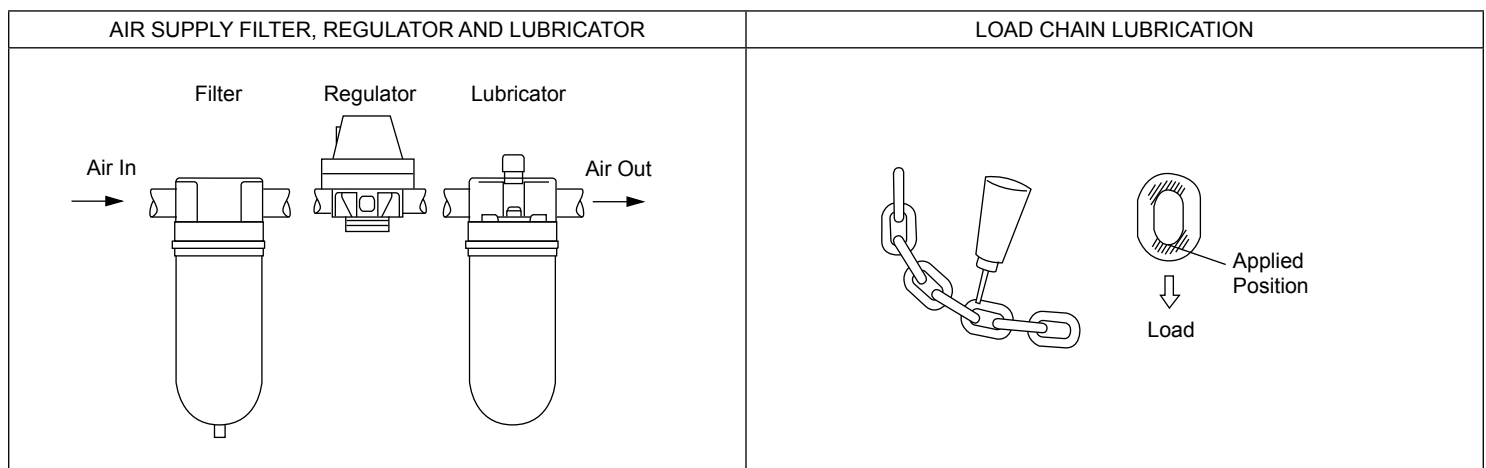
All Red Rooster hoist chain must be lubricated to prevent wear. ⚠ **DANGER**

Keeping load chain clean and lubricated will greatly increase the lifetime of the chain and prevent costly replacement. Very little lubricant is needed and can be easily applied to the chain by cloth, brush or spray.

In areas of high corrosion, plated chain can be used along with special lubricants to prevent corrosion from sea water and spray. Chains used in these areas should be re-lubricated on a regular basis.

NEVER use heavy grease or bitumen based products to lubricate the chain as these will foul the chain guide, idler and load wheels and bearings. ⚠ **DANGER**

Remove dust and water drops on the Load Chain and then apply lubricant. Application of lubrication influences on the life of the Load Chain considerably. Apply the lubricant sufficiently.



SAFE OPERATION

- 3.1 The contents of this section are designed for the guidance of personnel using the hoist. For the most part, they are 'common sense' procedures. Most dangerous occurrences involving lifting machines are not as a result of defect developing in the machine itself but are as a result of an error or act of carelessness by the operator. As such, the vast majority of accidents or dangerous occurrences are avoidable. The operator is responsible for his safety and the safety of others in the area of the hoist.

It is further recommended that only authorised personnel should be permitted to use the hoist and that all staff should be properly trained and have adequate knowledge in both safe use and visual examination.

ALWAYS - follow company procedures, work safely, report faults and comply with regulations.



DANGER

GUIDELINES FOR PERSONNEL USING AIR HOIST

- Read the instruction manual before use.
- Test run the equipment prior to application of a load and ensure that the equipment, including its control and safety devices are functioning correctly.
- Do not touch the hoist body immediately after extensive use, as it may be hot or very cold.
- Do not wear loose clothing (ties, scarves etc.) which may get dragged into the hoist or bottom block.
- Wear safety boots or shoes (together with a safety helmet if lifting overhead).
- Ensure that a positively engaged isolator requiring an appropriate operation to re-engage, is fitted between the air supply and the machine (lever, button or quarter turn valve). The isolator should isolate only the machine itself or where the safety of other machines may be affected by isolation of the machine, all machines affected must be isolated at the same time.
- Large hoists and trolleys have lifting eyes that can be used for handling and installation. Where no lifting eyes are fitted, a sling may be fitted round the hoist body using a choker hitch.
- Ensure that the load is securely supported by certified lifting gear (slings and shackles) with a higher safe working load in the configuration used, than the load to be lifted and that it cannot 'escape' whilst being lifted.
- Stand clear of the load when lifting or lowering and ensure that the point at which you are standing is secure. Do not touch moving chain.
- When there is a brief pause in the lifting operation where the operator lets go of the pendant control, he must stay in the area and make sure the pendant hangs vertically and cannot swing or get blown against anything.
- When there is a longer break in the lifting operation and the load has been landed, then the emergency stop button should be actuated so that a positive action is required before the hoist or hoist and trolley can be operated.
- If the hook is still attached to an item then a sign should be attached to the pendant and depending on the circumstances the power supply locked off.
- Ensure that other personnel cannot enter the immediate area where the lift is taking place.
- Never lift the load higher than necessary.
- Ensure that the control length (cord or pendant) is adequate to allow the operator to stand away from the load in a position to see the load at all stages of lift.
- The pendant should hang from the hoist and not be placed onto objects where the controls could be activated.
- If it is not possible to site yourself in a position where you can see the load at all stages, appoint a 'banksman' to cover the area which you cannot see and establish a reliable method of communication (verbal or hand signals) before starting the lift.
- If you suspect that the equipment is defective or is developing a fault, stop the lifting operation immediately.
- In the event of an emergency make the area safe by returning the load to a rest position, but if this is not possible the area should be cordoned off and the advice of your superior or safety officer sought. Never repair a hoist with the load suspended.
- If it is not possible to lower a load to the ground to make it safe, then a lifting plan must be in place to recover the load or make it safe in case of hoist failure.
- In the case of complex lifting operations a lifting plan must be in place to control the lift stipulating the hoists to be used, operating conditions, operator instructions and the different parts of the lift taking part in the agreed sequence. Carry out a practice lift with a small load if necessary to confirm the lifting operation.
- The starting and stopping of the hoist and taking up of slack chain at high speed can apply high forces which could be higher than the load being lifted. Always operate hoists smoothly and in a controlled manner.
- The attachment points must be capable of withstanding the expected forces.
- External vibration can affect the hoist and can cause damage and wear.
- Do not use the hoist outside in high winds, bad weather conditions, or when temperatures are likely to be outside the operating temperature of the hoist.
- Only use the hoist to make a lift safe when a warning alarm has been activated in the area and then isolate the hoist.

AT ALL TIMES THINK BEFORE YOU ACT - PLAN EVERY LIFT

SAFE OPERATION - HOIST OPERATORS

DANGER

- 3.1
- Hoist operators must be healthy and not under the influence of alcohol, drugs or medication when operating the hoist.
 - Hoist operators should be trained in the operation of hoists proper rigging procedures for the attachment of loads to the hoist.
 - The operator is always responsible for his own safety and anybody else in the operating area.
 - Always start the lowering or lifting movement slowly and smoothly.
 - When using the hoist jointly with another person, use signals agreed upon at the job site (standardized signals).
 - When using the hoist without chain collector, avoid the slack chain to fall, catch or impact as this can cause hazards.
 - In case of air pressure loss, secure the load and area. Ensure that turning the air supply back on cannot result in a dangerous occurrence.
 - Stop using the hoist in case of abnormal sounds.

SAFE OPERATION - FORESEEABLE INCORRECT USE

DANGER **CAUTION**

- 3.1
- Where the supporting steel work transfers a vibration or oscillation through the hoist this can cause increased wear between the links of the load chain.
 - Where the hoist or hoist and trolleys are fitted with lifting points they should only be used for lifting the hoist and trolley, they are not designed to take the full WLL of the hoist.
 - Before carrying out any work on the hoist the main air should be turned off and the residual are vented or the hoist run to dissipate the air pressure.
 - Do not exceed the stated SWL or duty rating. (Fig. A)
 - Operate the hoist smoothly. Do not suddenly change direction as this may exert both shock loads acceleration forces may well in excess of the weight of the load being lifted.
 - Do not use the hoist to lift / lower personnel. (Fig. B)
 - Only use the hoist to lift a load vertically. It is not designed to pull or drag loads without modification and or a lift plan being used for special lifting operations, such as cross hauling. (Fig. C)
 - Ensure that the load is securely supported by its lifting gear (slings shackles etc.) and that it cannot escape whilst being lifted.
 - Ensure that the lifting assembly (slings, shackles etc.) has a higher safe working load in the configuration used than the load to be lifted.
 - Ensure that the point at which the hoist is to be suspended has an equal or greater safe working load than the hoist.
 - Ensure that the load is free to move and will clear all obstructions.
 - Avoid swinging the load or hook.
 - Do not use the hoist if the chain is damaged, twisted, kinked or worn.
 - Ensure that the load is stable and in balance at starting lifting or setting down as tilting or falling loads can cause accidents.
 - Never allow loads to "fall" into the load chain. (Fig. D)
 - Never lock the control elements of the pendant or controls.
 - Never use the chain, hooks or hoist as an electrical ground for welding or electricity.
 - Do not use the limits as a means of stopping the hoist (these are safety devices).
 - Do not use controls as a means of moving the hoist (the pendant is designed to support its own self weight only).
 - Stand clear of the load when lifting and lowering and ensure that the point at which you are standing is safe and secure. (Fig. E)
 - Do not hold onto the load chain when controlling a load (fit a tag to the load if necessary to ensure that the load is controlled).
 - Do not apply a load to the tip of the Bottom Hook or the Hook Latch. (Fig. F)
 - Do not bind a load with the load chain directly. (Fig. G)
 - Do not operate the Load Chain while it is in contact with any sharp edges. (Fig. H)

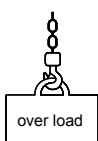


Fig. A

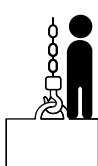


Fig. B

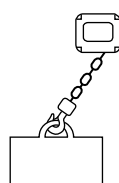


Fig. C

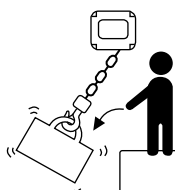


Fig. D

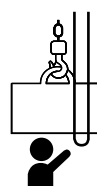


Fig. E

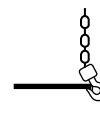


Fig. F

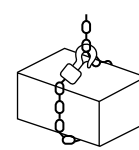


Fig. G

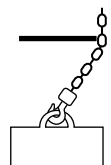


Fig. H

SAFE OPERATION

 DANGER

3.2 SAFETY EQUIPMENT - PPE

Safe systems of work should be appropriate for the working conditions that the hoist is being used in with method statements stating what the hoist is being used for, the authorisation of staff to operate hoists and the PPE requirements in place. In general overalls, safety shoes, hearing protection and gloves are normal but other sites will require safety glasses and hard hats.

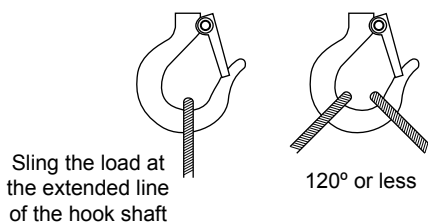
 DANGER

3.3 LIFTING GEAR BELOW THE HOIST

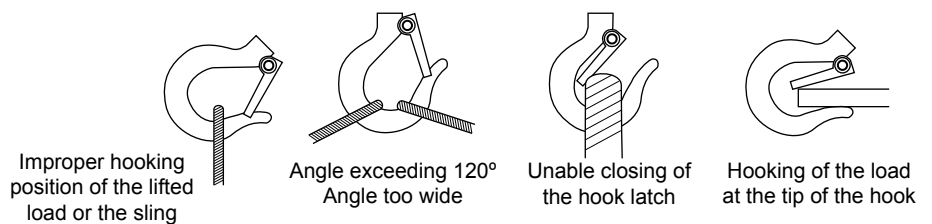
Where lifting gear is connected into the bottom hook of the hoist it should be sized for at least the capacity of the hoist and physically fit well into the body of the hook allowing the safety catch to close.

Where a larger item such as a spreader beam is used this may have an effect on the lifting capacity of the hoist, so the SWL should be reduced to reflect this.

HOW TO SLING THE LOAD PROPERLY



DO NOT CARRY OUT DANGEROUS HOOKING AS SHOWN BELOW



 DANGER

3.4 MOUNTING ON TROLLEYS

- Ensure that the trolley is properly mounted on the beam and set correctly for the beam with adequate wheel clearance.
- Ensure that the stops for the trolley mounted on the runway beam are correctly positioned and securely installed.
- Ensure that the top hook or link plate of the hoist fits properly on the suspension point of the trolley and is assembled properly with the hoist at the centre of the load bar.
- Ensure that the load bar and tie bar nut have been secured and the trolley side plates are set parallel to the beam web.
- Ensure that the tie bars are correctly adjusted in the slots with the anti-tilt roller close under the beam with enough clearance to allow the trolley to run along the beam.

 DANGER

3.5 OPERATIONAL BREAKDOWN OR ACCIDENT

If an unloaded hoist stops working then it should be removed from location and sent for repair if none of the remedies in the trouble shooting guide have an effect.

When the hoist is still holding a load then an additional hoist should be used to take the weight of the load so it can be safely lowered and the faulty hoist removed for repair. If another hoist cannot be used to lower the load it is possible to release the brake by slackening the brake cover screws but this should only be done by a RRIUK engineer or after discussions with Red Rooster as it is not always possible or safe to do so.

The main air supply line to the hoist should be fitted with an easily accessible valve to cut off the air supply to the hoist in case of emergency or for maintenance. Pendant control hoists also have a main air shut off valve.

There should be a safe access to the hoist to carry out maintenance, inspection and lubrication.

MAINTENANCE

- 4.1 The TNC range of hoists are heavy duty pneumatic hoists and built to require little maintenance if they are kept lubricated and maintained. The maintenance required will depend on daily operating times, the conditions, quality of the air supply and the percentage of the WLL regularly being lifted. The operators daily checks and the monthly maintenance checks are necessary to check the condition of the hoist. Maintenance work should be carried out by trained and qualified personnel. ⚠ **DANGER**

It is recommended that in the case of the TCR, TCS & TNC hoist and air trolleys inspections are carried out in accordance with the following schedule, although the frequency of the 'six month inspection' should be increased in high risk environments, aggressive environments or where the usage is particularly heavy to between one and three months. ⚠ **CAUTION**

EVERY DAY / WEEK (DEPENDING ON USAGE) ⚠ **CAUTION**

The items listed under 'checks before use' in Section 1 (Getting Started) of the manual should be examined. It is recommended that the lubricator is 'topped up' as a part of this inspection routine.

AT LEAST ONCE PER MONTH FOR HOISTS IN CONSTANT USE OR EVERY THREE MONTHS LIGHTLY USED UNITS

⚠ **DANGER**

LOAD CHAIN - Thoroughly examine throughout its length for wear in the links, corrosion, cracks or distortion. If the wear in the links exceeds that stated in the chart, the chain should be replaced. If there are any visible cracks or distortion the chain should be replaced. Any wear should be measured and checked against section 10.1.

BRAKE - With a load applied check the brake efficiency. If there is any delay in actuation or slippage, the brake is defective and the hoist must be thoroughly overhauled before being returned to service.

HOOKS, SWIVELS AND CLAWS - Examine hooks for wear, deformation (refer to chart), nicks and gouges. Ensure that the hooks swivel smoothly and that the safety claw opens fully and closes under spring tension.

CHAIN ANCHOR PIN - Examine for wear and deformation.

NUTS AND BOLTS - Using suitable spanner and Allen key, check for any loose nuts and bolts.

UPPER AND LOWER LIMIT - Ensure that it functions correctly in both the fully raised and fully (chain lever) lowered positions.

CHAIN COLLECTOR - Check security and condition.

It is recommended that the load chain and linkages are lubricated as part of this inspection routine.

When repairing Red Rooster air hoists only original Red Rooster products should be used.

- 4.2 Only minor repairs such as silencers, safety catches, pendant repairs, replacing shorter lengths of load chain and inspections should be done in location after this the hoist should be lowered to ground level and taken to a workshop. ⚠ **CAUTION**

If the hoist is taken out of service it should be sent to an approved repairer to be fully dismantled, repaired and tested. ⚠ **CAUTION**

Only Red Rooster approved parts should be fitted to the hoist but good quality European or Japanese load chain and bearings can be used but other than that only Red Rooster supplied parts should be used. ⚠ **CAUTION**

Hoist and trolleys are heavy along with some parts of some hoist so suitable lifting equipment should be used to dismantle and assemble hoists. ⚠ **DANGER**

SAFE OPERATION

4.3 SILENCING

The TNC hoist is fitted with an internal silencer; the noise output being less than 83 dB at one metre (this conforms to E.C. noise regulations).

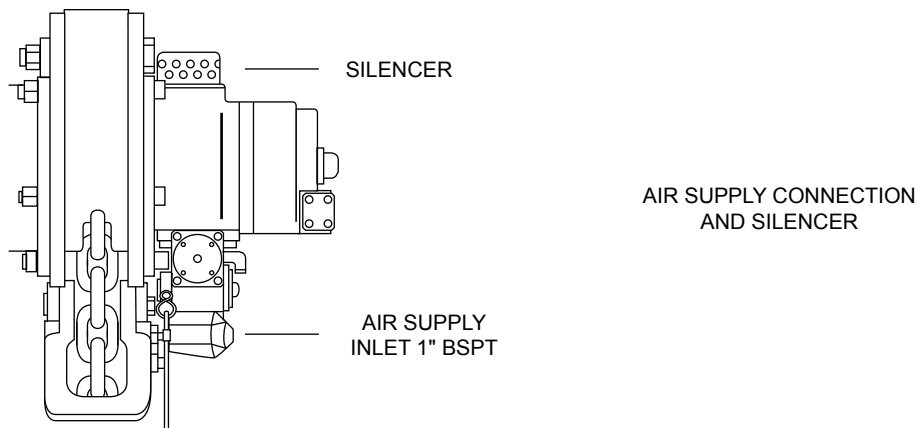
TNC-25TWLPE, TNC-37.5TW/3, TNC-50TW/4

These types are fitted with a 2 stage silencer; first stage comprises 1 piece felt, 2 pieces nylon pad and steel disc with holes and the second stage is 1 piece nylon pad circular folded.

The life expectancy of the silencer correlates closely with the quality of air supplied.

The nylon pad may be washed with degreaser and re-used once decontaminated.

Periodic examination of the silencer is not required, nor is it recommended (see below). As the silencer becomes contaminated a reduced speed of operation will be noted. At this point the nylon silencer should be cleaned or replaced and the gauze silencer should be changed.



4.4 CHANGING THE SILENCER(S) - see parts list.

TNC-25TWLPE, TNC-37.5TW/3, TNC-50TW/4

Located on top of the motor, disassemble the 4 x M6 screws and take off the cover. In this cover you will find the nylon pad circular folded, replace or clean. On the motor housing is the first stage, loosen the nut and take off the silencer discs, the nylon pads maybe cleaned and the felt has to be replaced.



CAUTION

ADJUSTMENTS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS

Before carrying out any work on the hoist the main air supply should be turned off and the residual air vented or the hoist run to dissipate the air pressure.

Red Rooster hoists normally do not require any adjustment as the brake springs take up any wear and the load limiter and limits should not need adjustment once set.

The lubricator should be checked and topped up weekly in normal use or daily when heavily used.

The load chain should be checked monthly for lubrication and oiled if necessary. Where the load chain is not lubricated for operational reasons the chain should be inspected weekly as a dry chain can wear rapidly.

The top and bottom hooks should only be lubricated if required during checks.

The hoist gearbox is greased during assembly or repair and should not need greased during operation.

There are no hazardous substances in Red Rooster hoists.

MAINTENANCE

4.5 FITTING OR REPLACING LOAD CHAIN

The hoist will require to be hung up with an airline connected.

The chain must be fed over the pocket wheel from the slack end anchor side with the weld of every second link facing away from the wheel axis i.e. weld outwards.

Care must be taken not to twist the chain during installation. This is best achieved by holding the live end of the chain as it emerges from the hoist, if the hoist is reeved on two parts of chain, feeding it through the free limit lock, through the bottom block wheel and again as it emerges, thereafter feeding it up to the anchor pin. If the chain cannot be fitted to the anchor without rotating it through 90 degrees, the end link should be removed.

Run the chain through the hoist, leaving a short tail at the 'slack' end. Anchor the slack end without twisting the chain.

Feed the chain over the load wheel.

It is very easy to trap or damage the chain if extreme care is not exercised. Always examine the first link of chain after passing it over the load wheel. If damaged, remove the damaged link(s). ⚠ **DANGER**

REPLACING EXISTING CHAIN

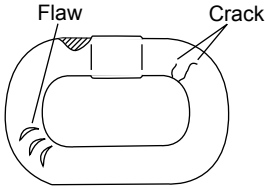
Cut away the centre portion of a link of the old chain to allow a chain diameter to pass through. Connect the spare link to the last link of the old chain and the first link of the replacement chain. Use the old chain to draw the replacement chain through the hoist. (Retain the spare link to be re-used). ⚠ **DANGER**

FITTING CHAIN TO AN UNCHAINED HOIST

A handy tool comprises a length of either soft insulated wire (about 2mm diameter) or a piece of flexible nylon tube of the same diameter approximately 500mm long. To the end of this attach a similar length of strong twine.

The soft wire or tube is fed over the wheel, its flexibility allows it to follow the chain guide and re-emerge at the opposite side. The twine is attached to the end of the chain and drawn through, pulling the chain against the wheel. By applying power **VERY SLOWLY** in the same direction of winding, the load chain is dragged into the first pocket and over the load wheel. If any resistance is felt as the chain attempts to enter the pocket it is imperative that the chain is released from the pocket before trying again. Otherwise the chain will become trapped and damaged. ⚠ **DANGER**

Only use quality load chain approved by Red Rooster for use on our hoists.

⚠ DANGER			
ITEM	CHECK METHOD	CRITERIA	WHEN FAILED
Deformation Flaw Entanglement	- Check visually  - Check visually for no foreign matter as attached sputter.	- No deep notch - No deformation such as twist - No attached sputter - No entanglement - No crack	Replace the load chain



MAINTENANCE

4.6 TYPES OF CHAIN

Only the correct size and grade of load chain should be used. ⚠ **DANGER**
All chain is to EN818/7 - EN1677 standard

TNC-50TW/4

STANDARD

RUD

Nominal diameter:	22.0 + 0.8 / - 0.6	mm
Pitch:	66.0 + 0.9 / - 0.4	mm
Max dia at weld:	23.6	mm
Min breaking force:	630	kN
Surface hardness:	ca380-400HV10	
Grade:	EN818/7 ISO 3077	

When supplied new, only quality chain from a reputable supplier has been fitted to the hoist. Your supplier will be able to offer replacement chain of like quality.

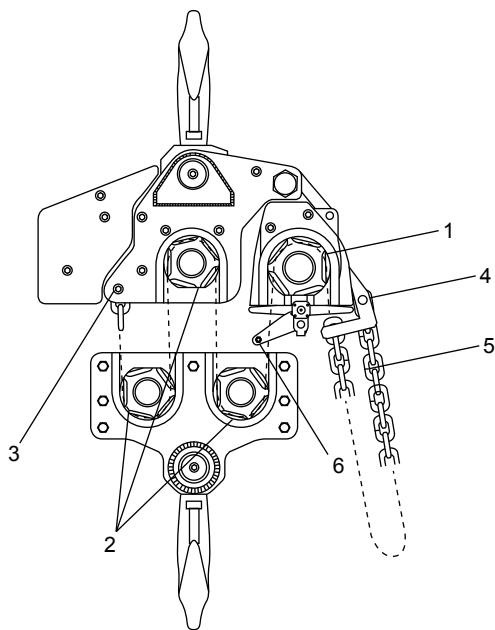




HOIST COMPONENTS AND CHAIN

4.7 TNC-50TW/4

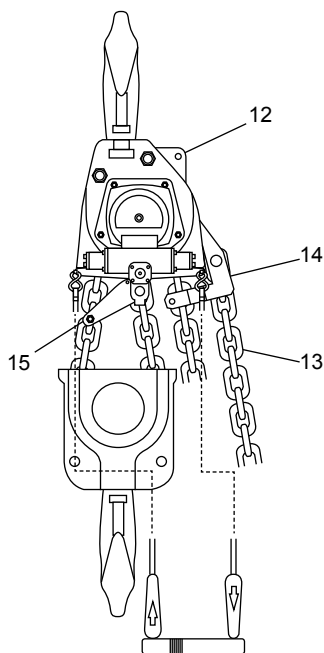
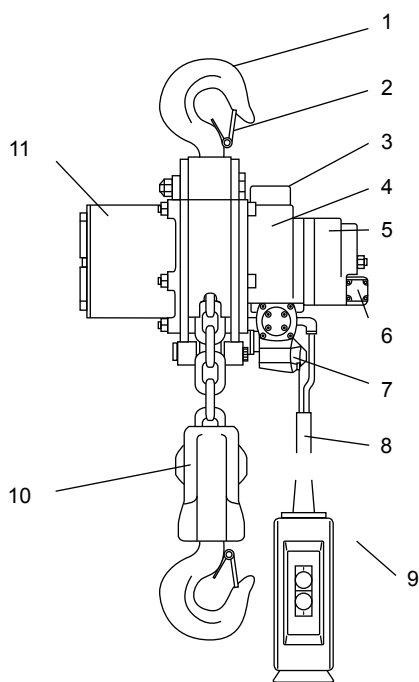
CHAIN FITTINGS



1	Load Sheave
2	Idle Sheave
3	Live End Chain Anchor
4	Dead End Chain Anchor
5	Welds Away From Chain Anchor
6	Limit Lever (Up)

TNC-50TW/4

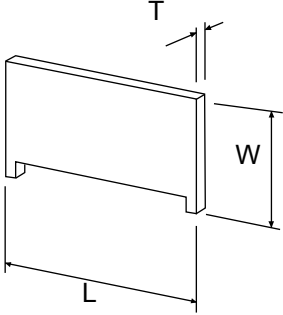
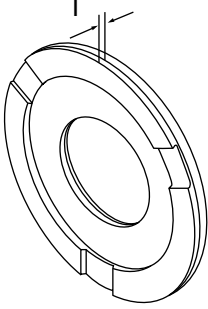
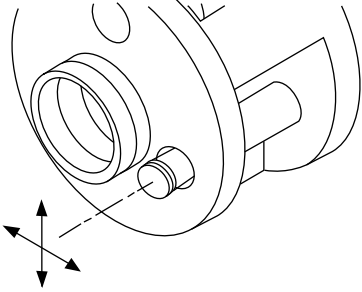
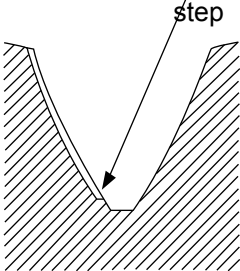
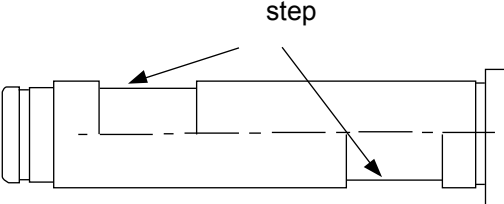
HOIST PARTS



1	Upper Hook
2	Hook Safety Latch
3	Silencer Section
4	Motor Section
5	Brake Section
6	Load Limiter
7	Valve Section
8	Pendant Hose Set
9	Pendant Control with E/Stop
10	Lower Hook
11	Gear Box
12	Hanger Eye for Lifting the Hoist
13	Chain
14	Limit Lever Lowering
15	Limit Lever Lifting
16	Cord Control Lowering
17	Cord Control Lifting

SERVICE DATA

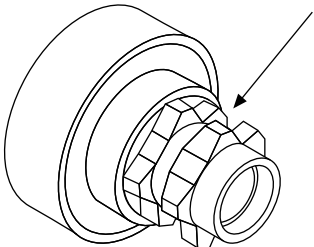
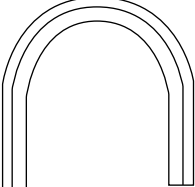
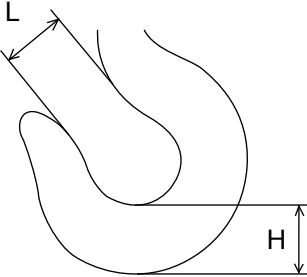
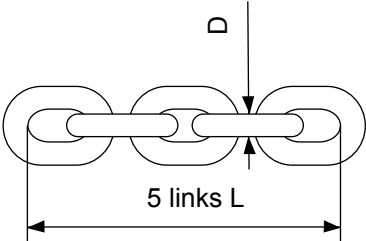
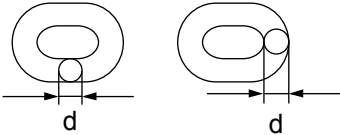
Maintenance chart
TNC-50TW/4

NO.	DESCRIPTION	CHECK POINTS	STD DIMENSIONS & MAX FOR REPLACEMENT
55	Vane		STD L = 80mm MIN L = 79.5mm STD W = 34.3mm MIN W = 32.3mm STD T = 5mm MIN T = 4.5mm Replace if any of the width, length and thickness is less than the stated minimums.
72	Brake Disc		STD T = 4mm MIN T = 2.5mm Below minimum for replacement.
110	Cage		Replace when there is a large or uneven play in the pin hole.
111 114 115 117	Star Gear Pinion Wheel Ring Gear		Replace if there is a step on the surface of the gear teeth.
112	Pin		Replace if there is a step on the surface of the pin. If the pin is replaced, replace the needle bearing and star gear at the same time.



SERVICE DATA

Maintenance chart
TNC-50TW/4

NO.	DESCRIPTION	CHECK POINTS	STD DIMENSIONS & MAX FOR REPLACEMENT
115	Wheel		Replace if loadsheave part is badly damaged or worn.
91	Chain Guide		Replace if the wear of any part of the chain guide exceeds more than 1mm.
140 142	Upper Hook Swivel Hook		Dimensions: STD L = 140mm MAX L = 142.8mm STD H = 132mm MIN H = 126.7mm Check dimensions as casting size can vary. Replace if beyond maximum 'L' or 'H'. There is some variation in the 'H' size on hooks so it is best to measure the hook when new and then allow up to 1mm of wear.
101	Load Chain		STD L = 330mm MAX L = 333.8mm Replace if L exceeds MAX L. STD D = 16mm MIN D = 15.5mm Replace if D is less than MIN D Also replace if the link chain is severely damaged.
			Measure the chain diameter (d) with point caliper.



LAYING UP THE HOIST

5.1 LAYING UP THE HOIST

Whenever the hoist is unused for a period (weekends, holidays or in store), a little preparation will ensure that the hoist operates correctly and safely, either before being put into service for the first time or when being put back into service after a layup.

SHORT LAY UP PERIOD (2 TO 90 DAYS):

Air hoists should be kept clean, lubricated and stored in a clean and dry location.

When not in use seal off from the air supply inlet and run extra oil through the hoist as per lay up instructions.

Wherever possible keep the hoist protected when in use and installed in an exposed location, protecting controls and hoses from damage.

Turn up the oil delivery rate of the lubricator to maximum and run the hoist for two minutes, thereby ensuring that the hoist motor and control valve are well lubricated. (This also helps to displace any water which may be lying in the hoist). ⚠ **CAUTION**

LONG TERM LAY UP PERIOD (3 MONTHS TO 24 MONTHS):

- Heavily lubricate the hoist as specified above.
- If the hoist is contaminated with dirt or chemicals, wash with a propriety mild solvent or detergent and thoroughly rinse off with fresh water. Allow to dry and spray lightly with penetrating fluid.
- Lubricate the load chain, limit shafts, safety latches, and hook swivels.
- Disconnect the air supply and plug the inlet port.
- If required, dismantle the chain collector, pendant, air set and trolley for storage.
- Store in a dry ventilated area.
- Secure hoist in a crate or suitable pallet.

Transportation - Moving your Red Rooster hoist between locations.

Carefully disconnect from suspension point and lower under control to ground level.

Be sure that chain collector, valves and trolley drives are not damaged.

Carefully lay the pendant on top of the hoist making sure tubes or hoses are not damaged.

Secure the hoist and chain to the shipping container or pallet.

For long term storage corrosion inhibitors (wax coatings) can also be applied to suitable surfaces and then removed before use.

Before connecting the air supply line to the hoist, pour 5 to 10 cc of Atlub air tool oil directly into the airline to ensure that oil is present in the motor startup. ⚠ **CAUTION**

If being stored long term especially outside ask for a copy of the full procedure - AHLU-15



CHAIN COLLECTORS

- 6.1 When supplied new the chain bucket will have been sized to suit the HOL of the hoist with spare capacity to allow for some bunching up of the chain. The use of a chain collector can make the operation of the hoist more efficient preventing dangerous occurrences with the chain getting caught or falling from the load being lifted as it mounts up on top of the load.

On hoists from 9 tonne and above galvanised chain collectors are used, with stainless steel buckets being used on ATEX hoists and in areas of high corrosion.

On arrival at site the load chain should be removed from the chain collector either manually or by carefully running out of the hoist checking for snagging. The chain should then be run back into the collector by the hoist checking there are no twists in the chain that the bottom hook is not twisted through the chain fall on multi-fall blocks.  **CAUTION**

Hoists with long drops of chain and heavy loads in the chain collectors will require a secondary suspension point to hold the hoist in a vertical position when unloaded. These may be as shown in section 1.8 or a secondary trolley on a runway beam.  **CAUTION**

If operating without a chain collector the slack end of the chain may catch or get caught on top of a load. Always make sure the unloaded chain is running freely.



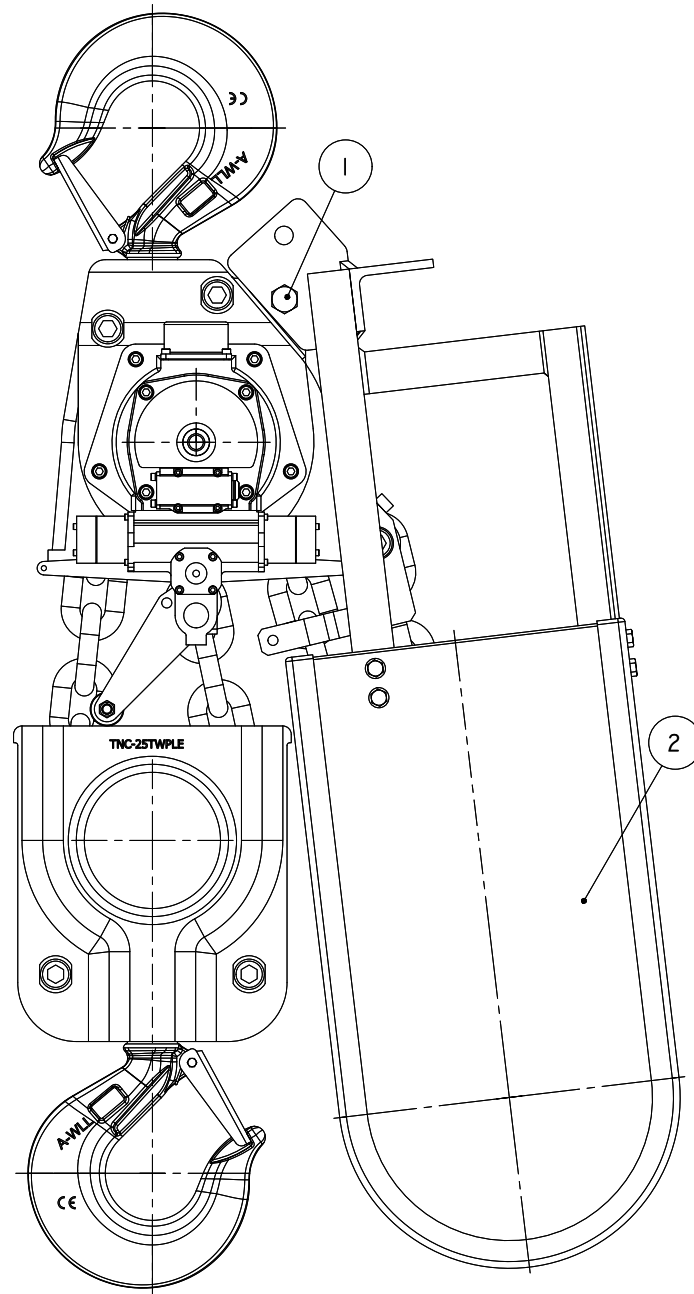
DANGER

- Do not exceed the chain collector capacity.
- When the load chain is dry it may not run freely into the chain collector and over fill the collector, so the chain must be kept lubricated to prevent it running out of the collector.
- Make sure the chain collector brackets have not been damaged during installation.
- Make sure the chain collector is free to move when the hoist is loaded and un-loaded.
- Make sure the bottom hook does not connect with the chain collector. Limit the lifting height of the bottom hook if necessary.
- For any assistance required on chain collectors please contact Red Rooster Lifting Ltd.



CHAIN COLLECTORS

TNC-50TW/4



1	BOLT M20 x 120
2	CHAIN BUCKET

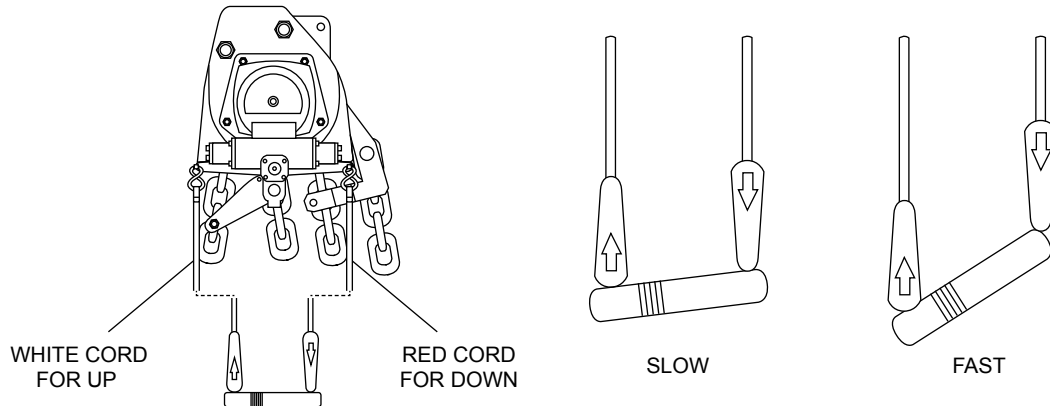
SPEED & LOAD LIMITER ADJUSTMENT

7.1 SPEED ADJUSTMENT

Every TNC hoist is checked at the factory to ensure the maximum hoisting speed is in accordance with the specification.

CORD CONTROL HOIST

The speed of the hoist is proportional to the amount of downward movement in the control cord, which via the cord lever controls the amount by which the valve is opened.



On every TNC hoist the load limiter is factory set to operate at a load ten percent in excess of the safe working load, at an operating pressure of 6 bar. Unless a lower supply pressure is to be used, the load limiter will not require adjustment.

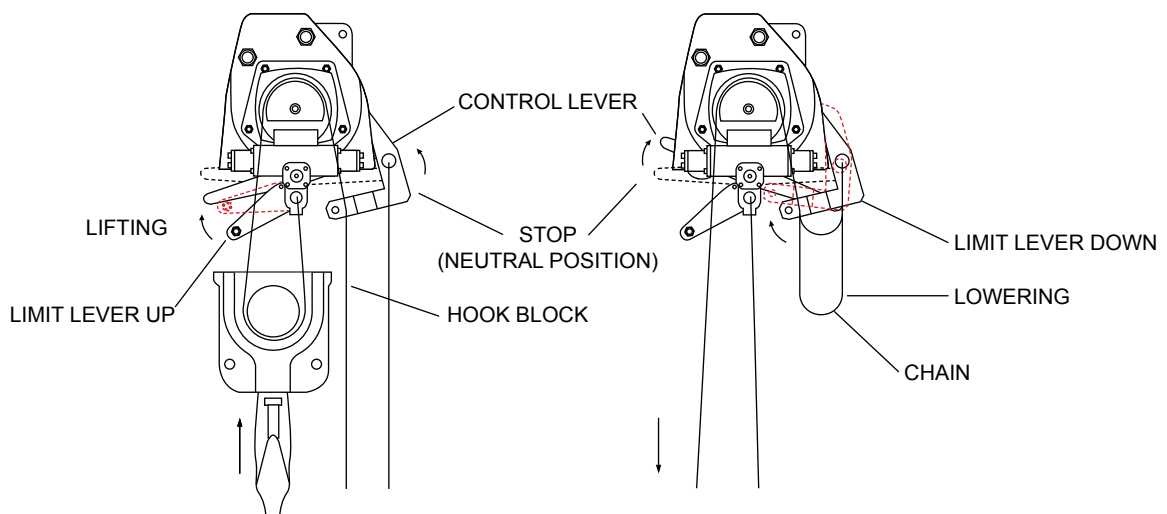
All models in the range incorporate an adjustable load limiter, except the mini TCR-250 and TCR-500/2 hoists that are not fitted with load limiters.

HOW IT WORKS

Located adjacent to the control valve, the load limiter measures the pressure drop across the motor which is proportional to the load on the motor. Once the pressure drop is increased above that of the load limiter setting, the brake is applied and the hoist will not lift the load. In this case the load should then be reduced or a larger capacity hoist installed. The load can still be lowered when the load limiter cuts in.

CAUTION

Verify that the Chain / Limit Levers are operational and can move freely in both the up and down directions.

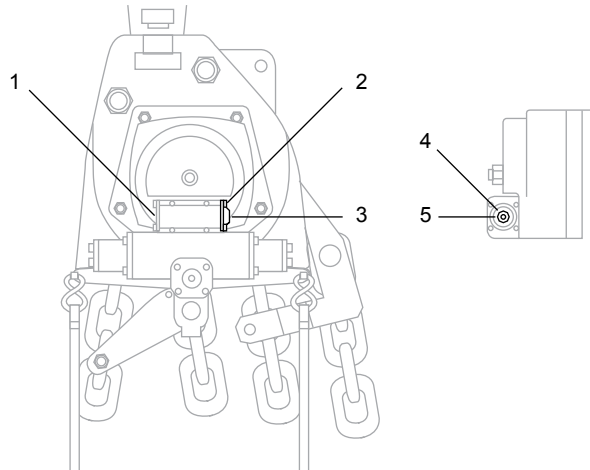




SPEED & LOAD LIMITER ADJUSTMENT

7.2 SETTING THE LOAD LIMITER

Viewing the hoist from the motor end, the load limiter adjusting screw (M6 hex) is located on the left hand side on the valve cover. It is locked in position with an M6 nut. Back off the lock nut before commencing adjustment.



1	Do not remove this cover!	4	Lock Nut
2	Bolt	5	Adjustment Screw
3	Cover		

- Set the regulator pressure to that which will be used during operation (normally 6 bar to 90 p.s.i.).
- Turn the adjustment screw anti-clockwise until no resistance is felt and then turn clockwise until the internal spring starts to resist.
- Apply the safe working load in the hoisting mode slowly and then at full speed. The hoist will stop automatically.
- Rotate the screw one turn in a clockwise direction and again engage the hoisting mode.
- Continue, one rotation at a time until the load limiter fails to stop the hoist.
- Turn the screw 3/4 turn anti-clockwise and ensure the load limiter is operating at this point. (If not continue in an anti-clockwise direction a fraction of a turn at a time until the load limiter operates.
- Turn the screw a further quarter of a turn anti-clockwise and tighten the lock nut.
- The load limiter is now set. A significant change in the operating pressure from that selected will necessitate adjustment of the load limiter.
- The maximum travel of the adjustment screw is approximately eight turns, If adjusted to this point, the load limiter will not operate. ⚠ **CAUTION**

OPERATIONAL BREAKDOWN / TROUBLESHOOTING THE TNC HOIST

8.1 We list below a number of faults which may occur during use, together with the probable cause and the cure. If you experience a fault and cannot identify the cause, or if you do not feel confident to remedy the fault, please revert to your hoist supplier.

Description of fault noted	Possible cause of fault	Remedy
Hoist fails to start (when newly installed)	Air supply switched off	Switch on air supply.
	Damaged or kinked pendant hose	Disconnect pendant from control valve and check if there is pressure. Replace as necessary.
	Emergency stop actuated	Re-set emergency stop.
	Control valve sticking	With air supply switched off, open and close the valve using a spanner on the limit lever. Do not use excessive force. If this fails, refer to dealer.
	Air pressure too low	Increase air pressure to the required value. (6 bar)
	Hand control is faulty	Have hand control repaired.
Hoist starts but slows down and stops (when newly installed)	Inadequate air supply	Check compressor output against hoist requirements. Check air hose size against table. Ensure fittings are matched to hose size. Replace incorrect items.
	Regulator set in excess of 7 bar	Reduce to 6 bar / Fit regulator.
	Air supply hoses leaking or loose	Check connections of air supply hose and control hoses and connect properly.
	Silencer is clogged	Replace or clean silencer elements, improve air quality if necessary.
Hoist starts but will not stop	Sticking valve on pendant	Clean and lubricate valve, replace if necessary.
	Contamination within the control valve	Dismantle, clean and lubricate .
Hoist sometimes refuses to start	Worn vanes or damaged vane springs	Dismantle and replace as necessary.
	Motor has run dry	Lubricate motor, check oiler.
	Control valve on motor	Have control valve replaced / serviced
Load chain jumps or makes a clicking sound	Worn load chain or guide	Dismantle and replace as required.
	Chain twisted	Incorrectly fitted - remove and refit (examine). Bottom block twisted through chain parts (2 fall models only).
	Chain sprocket worn	Replace chain sprocket, check chain guide, replace if necessary.
Motor 'stutters' and recovers periodically	Excessive moisture in air supply	Increase infiltration or fit a dryer.
Premature wear in load chain	Inadequate lubrication of load chain	Lubricate the chain.
	Support Vibration	Find cause of vibration.
	Hoist constantly operating at close headroom	Fit a ball bearing swivel below the hook.



PERIODIC EXAMINATION AND TESTING

9.1 EXAMINATION

UK & European Law requires that a thorough examination of the hoist should be carried out by a competent person:

- Before being put into service.
- At a frequency not exceeding 12 months (6 months for equipment used offshore).
- After being put into service at a new site.
- After involvement in an accident or dangerous occurrence.
- After a significant change in the conditions of use.
- After long periods out of use (time not specified).

Lifting operations and lifting equipment regulations 1998, section 9 refers. (LOLER 1998 №2307)

The record of such examination must be retained for as long as the employer continues to operate the equipment. The regulations also call upon the employer to carry out a risk assessment; to adjust the frequency of inspection according to the potential risk, to determine the nature of inspections and to ensure that the persons carrying out the inspection are competent to do so.

9.2 SIX MONTHLY OFFSHORE INSPECTION

Arrange to have the hoist examined by a person specifically trained and experienced in the examination of lifting machines. This can be done by a Red Rooster engineer or an independent competent person. Ensure that the party is operating to a detailed inspection procedure or code of practice.

SERVICE

We would recommend the hoist is returned every 5 years for a full inspection and service.

9.3 TESTING

LOLER 98, section 4 calls for the employer to ensure that the hoist is of adequate strength and stability for each load. No frequencies or test or proof loads are specified.

In the case of the TCR, TCS + TNC hoists the hoist is functionally tested with a proof load of 125% of the safe working load prior to delivery (Test certificate refers).

It is recommended that the test is repeated along with a thorough examination if the hoist is substantially repaired (i.e. any repair which may affect the hoists ability to lift, lower and sustain a load).

REPEAT PROOF LOAD TESTING OF THE HOIST SHOULD BE AVOIDED

NOTE!

If your hoist is a "spark resistant" zone 1 version; check the bronze coating of the lower and upper hook on signs of wear. A worn out coating is NOT spark resistant anymore and can cause dangerous situations. Therefore let the bronze coating be renewed by your supplier in time.



DUTY RATINGS

10.1 FEM 9.511 classifies the theoretical loading conditions and operating time in hours per day.

FEM 9.755 classifies the theoretical duration of service for safe operation.

APPLICATION OF FEM RULES TO PNEUMATIC HOISTS

With most mechanical equipment, the limiting factor with regard to operating time is that of HEAT GENERATION.

For example, an electric motor if not periodically allowed a 'rest period' to allow it to cool down after each period of use will cease to function due to irreversible damage arising as a consequence of the heat.

Air motors perform differently. Although heat is generated, providing that the motor is properly lubricated, no damage will ensue. The expanding air at the outlet manifold also has a cooling effect on the motor.

As a result pneumatic motors are commonly referred to as 100% duty rated or continuous rated, which means simply that they may be used continuously without a cooling down period and without damage arising as a consequence.

Incorporated into the TNC hoist are three classes of components:

1. Sacrificial components - These components are designed to incur wear to either protect other components or to function by means of friction generation. They require periodic inspection and replacement and comprise of the rotor vanes and the brake disc. Inadequate lubrication seriously reduces the life expectancy of the vanes.
2. Load chain - Whilst adequate lubrication of the load chain will reduce friction and thereby limit the wear occurring between the bearing points of adjacent links, it will not totally eliminate it. Hence it will require regular inspection and will also require replacement within the service life of the hoist.
3. Structural and mechanical components - These comprise all other parts of the hoist, including gearbox and bearings, rotor and housing, valve, hooks, pins etc. A theoretical service life for every component has been calculated (available on request). For the purposes of the summary, the SHORTEST service life of any component has been included.

10.2 TABLES OF DUTIES - TNC Hoist

FEM standard	For all mentioned TNC models
FEM 9.511	1 Am (M4)
Theoretical duration of service	
FEM 9.755	
Sacrificial components	1Am (M4) 800 to 6300 hours
Load chain	2M (M5) 1600 to 12500 hours
Structural & mechanical components*	2M (M5) 1600 to 12500 hours

*Shortest duration stated.

IMPORTANT NOTES

- ▷ A hoist is deemed to be operating when it is in motion.
- ▷ All ratings are based on a clean, dry, air supply and correct lubrication.
- ▷ Load chain must be to manufacturer's specification.
- ▷ Special chains are excluded (consult your supplier).
- ▷ Mode of use must be in accordance with manufacturer's recommendation.

EXPLOSION PROTECTION

- 11.1 In Europe and several other parts of the world the use of non-electrical equipment in a hazardous area is covered by the ATEX 2014/34/EU Directive. (Previously ATEX 94/9/EC) This is split into two categories of equipment available from Red Rooster – Group I Mining (I M2) De-energised in an emergency and Group II – (Zone 1 & 2).

The Explosive Protection Level (EPL) has been set when the effective ignition sources are identified and when they become effective in normal operation and in the case of expected malfunctions. The normal ambient temperature range for Red Rooster air hoists is -10°C to +70°C, with some slight modifications we can make the equipment suitable for -20°C.

As standard all Red Rooster air hoists are certified as Group II Category 3 (Zone 2 Gas or 22 Dust) This excludes the TMM-140.

Standard Hoist – Zone 2 (Gases) Zone 22 (Dust) Rating Ex Group II 3 GD Ex h IIA (T4) 135°C

Extra protection – Zone 1 (Gas) Zone 21 (Dust) Rating Ex Group II 2 GD Ex h IIB (T4) 135°C

Increased protection Zone 1 (Gas) Zone 21 (Dust) Rating EX Group II 2 GD Ex h IIC (T4) 135°C

Red Rooster hoists will cover temperature classes T1 to T4 so can be certified to work with all Gases with the exception of Carbon Disulphide which is in temperature class T6.

The glow temperatures for dusts must be above 220°C or ignition temperatures above 202°C for use in Zones 21 and 22.

Mining – Ex Group 1 M2 (Mechanical equipment de-energised in an emergency)

TROLLEYS AND OVERHEAD CRANES

Red Rooster trolleys and overhead cranes use standard steel wheels for use in a Zone 2 area and normally with Bronze wheels in a Zone 1 area with a Gas group of IIB or IIC. The normal running speeds of our trolleys and overhead cranes are less than the 1 m/s that the standard allows. (Steel wheels can be acceptable for Zone 1 Gas Group IIB)

When built into an assembly such as an overhead crane the ATEX rating will be for the complete assembly, which may be less than some of the individual parts.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

This section of the manual refers to special instructions to special instructions, exclusions or warnings about the equipment.

Several gases such as hydrogen sulphide and ethylene oxide are at the very top of the IIB temperature class and are extremely flammable so you may wish to include them in the higher IIC temperature class. This is also relevant for impact sensitive dusts, around light metals, dusts with glow temperatures less than 210°C and ignition temperatures below 202°C. In an area where combustible dusts are present the surface temperature cannot exceed two thirds of the minimum ignition temperature of the dust and air mixture or the glow temperature of the dust.

Ambient temperature range for air hoists is -20°C to +70°C

Ambient temperature range for air trolleys is -20°C to +60°C

Some models of Red Rooster equipment can only be certified for use in temperature class T5 or T6 when a special assessment has been completed.

Air motors, control valves and hoses are all positively pressurised so gas or dust cannot penetrate internal parts when operating or when under pressure.

Red Rooster hoists and trolleys are constructed to avoid the build-up of dust deposits. But where dust does build up, provision shall be made for removal of the dust and keeping the hoist, trolley and pipework clean.

External influences such as heat from direct sunlight or exhausts can affect the hoist so the ambient temperature should be checked. Other influences such as cold, wind, water, compressor air temperature, contact with chemicals and mechanical hazards can all have an effect on the hoist operation.

EARTHING

The hoist or hoist and trolley should normally earth through the top hook or the running wheels of the trolley into the supporting steel structure. If this does not happen then the hoist can earth through the load chain of the hoist, when grounded. If the chain is rusty it can affect the earthing of the hoist. During inspection the chain may need cleaning, oiling or replaced to allow adequate earth leakage. If the earth leakage is less than that recommended a separate earth strap should be fitted. Neither the running surface of beams nor the wheels should be painted. During lifts the load may be required to be earthed if there is any doubt as to the earth leakage from the hoist.

EXPLOSION PROTECTION

11.1 IMPACT HAZARDOUS

The materials chosen and their coverings should help to prevent an ignition hazard so that a corroded section of steel does not impact against a light metal or high grade steel. The selected materials and the design should exclude as far as possible mechanical sparks due to impact, sliding or friction. Where external housings are made of aluminium then the possibility of impact should not be possible.

PLASTIC SURFACES

Where plastic has been used for the pendant, control boxes or on the hoist these surfaces must only be cleaned with a damp cloth (water), which reduces electrostatic charging due to friction from wiping with a cloth.

COMPRESSED AIR HOSES

All air hoses used in a Zone 1 & 2 areas should be 'Anti-Static' with a sufficiently low surface resistance to prevent an electrostatic ignition hazard. The Hose should always have a higher Safe Working Pressure than the hoist and above that of the air supply from the compressor.

Air supply hoses need to be certified with a current report on the condition of the hose and checked before fitting to the hoist. The burst of a hose or connection failure can create a dust cloud and also create a static charge.

Hose safety whip cables should be used to prevent hoses flying if a connection fails to limit the dust cloud and the flying hose.

*Red Rooster hoists should only be operated with compressed air.

MINING APPLICATIONS

In general most standard Red Rooster hoists can be used for underground mining operations along with the surface buildings and services. The equipment is certified for Group I M2 use, so must be switched off / isolated in the event of an emergency. The equipment has to be robust, non-sparking, taking into account the conditions and the handling underground and be built to survive along with explosive protection from Methane gas / dust - Firedamp. The maximum surface temperature of 150°C for coal dust atmospheres will not be reached where a coal dust layer can be formed or 450°C where coal dust will not form a layer.



DANGER

- During use the operator must avoid loads or the bottom hook impacting with surrounding steel equipment and structural steel which may result in sparking or frictional sparks caused by dragging loads past fixed structures.
- Any impacts involving light metal or cast iron should be avoided and these materials either protected or removed from the area.
- Damaged or badly corroded coatings or chain should be replaced or repaired to keep up the ATEX rating of the equipment. For assistance contact RRL.
- Earthing of hoists is not usually required as the hook connection to structure allows the hoist to connect to earth.
- The running surfaces of beams and cranes should not be painted to allow wheels to earth to the structure.
- Stainless steel 'C' track systems should be applied with an earth wire to connect onto the structure.
- Plastic junction boxes should only be cleaned with water and a clean cloth to reduce any electrostatic charge coming from the rubbing of the plastic surface.
- Dust should not be allowed to accumulate on the hoist, trolley, crane or junction boxes.
- Only use a damp cloth for wiping plastic surfaces.

TNC-50TW/4(H) AIR HOIST



RED ROOSTER LIFTING

STANDARD FEATURES

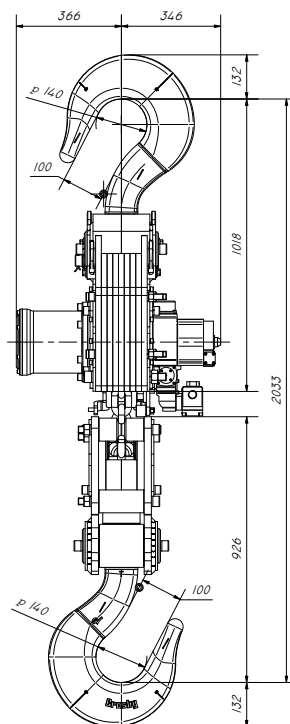
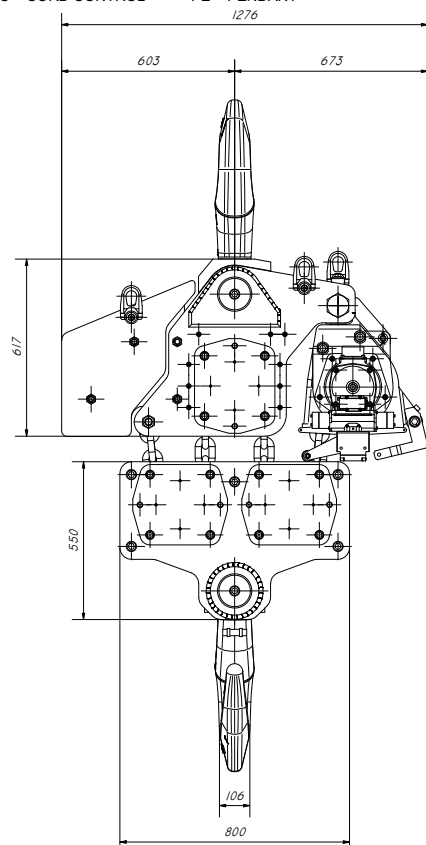
- ▷ Toku rotary vane motor
- ▷ ATEX zone 2 specification
- ▷ Robust epicycle gearbox
- ▷ Failsafe automatic internal disc brake
- ▷ Mechanical upper & lower switches
- ▷ Cast steel housing
- ▷ Internal silencing down to 83 dB(A)
- ▷ Alloy safety swivel hooks with safety catch
- ▷ Load chain 22 x 66mm of European manufacture to EN818-7
- ▷ Automatic load limiter

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

- ▷ Marine specification
- ▷ Special paint systems
- ▷ Corrosion protection
- ▷ ATEX zone 1 specification
- ▷ Chain collectors (galvanised or stainless steel)
- ▷ Air Service units
- ▷ Festoon systems
- ▷ Radio control
- ▷ Main air shut off valve

MODEL	WLL	LIFTING SPEED WITH LOAD	LIFTING SPEED WITHOUT LOAD	LOWERING SPEED WITH LOAD
TNC-50TW/4(H)	50000 kg	0.3 m/min	0.4 m/min	0.35 m/min
	AIR CONSUMPTION LIFTING	AIR CONSUMPTION LOWERING	AIR CONNECTION	MINIMUM HOSE DIA.
TNC-50TW/4(H)	90 l/sec	100 l/sec	1" BSP	1" HOSE
	CHAIN FALLS	WORKING PRESSURE	WEIGHT WITH 3M HOL	ADDITIONAL METRE HOL
TNC-50TW/4(H)	4	6 bar	1110 kg	43.6 kg

C = CORD CONTROL PE = PENDANT



All measurements are in mm
Information subject to change without notice

Image for illustration purposes only



ATEX ZONE 2 AS STANDARD

RED ROOSTER LIFTING

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C06-AH26 REV0

TNC-50TW/4(S) AIR HOIST



RED ROOSTER LIFTING

STANDARD FEATURES

- ▷ Toku rotary vane motor
- ▷ ATEX zone 2 specification
- ▷ Robust epicycle gearbox
- ▷ Failsafe automatic internal disc brake
- ▷ Mechanical upper & lower switches
- ▷ Cast steel housing
- ▷ Internal silencing down to 83 dB(A)
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MODEL	WLL	LIFTING SPEED WITH LOAD	LIFTING SPEED WITHOUT LOAD	LOWERING SPEED WITH LOAD
TNC-50TW/4(S)	50000 kg	0.3 m/min	0.4 m/min	0.35 m/min
	AIR CONSUMPTION LIFTING	AIR CONSUMPTION LOWERING	AIR CONNECTION	MINIMUM HOSE DIA.
TNC-50TW/4(S)	90 l/sec	100 l/sec	1" BSP	1" HOSE
	CHAIN FALLS	WORKING PRESSURE	WEIGHT WITH 3M HOL	ADDITIONAL METRE HOL
TNC-50TW/4(S)	4	6 bar	1110 kg	43.6 kg

C = CORD CONTROL PE = PENDANT

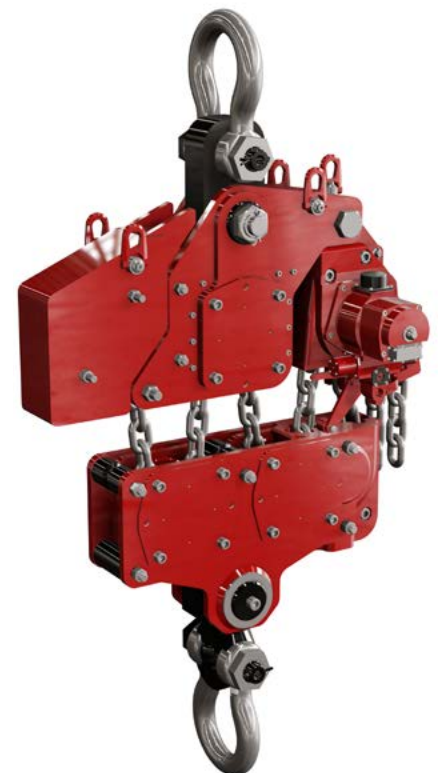
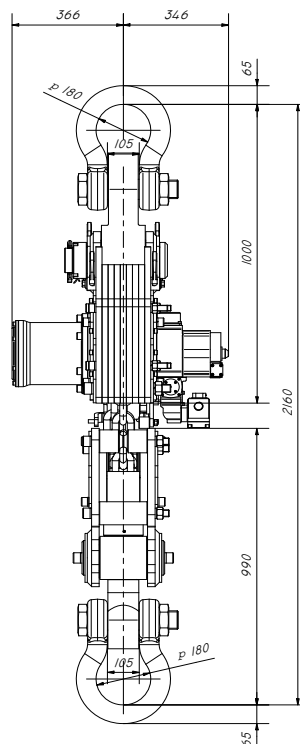
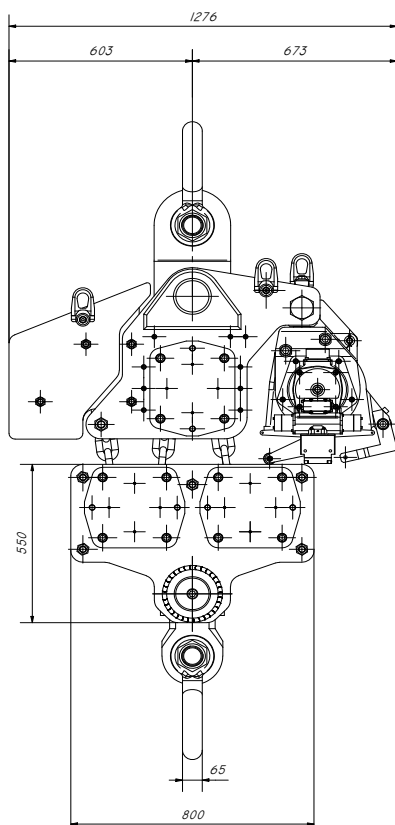


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ATEX ZONE 2 AS STANDARD

RED ROOSTER LIFTING

Nauta House, The Meadows
Oldmeldrum, Aberdeenshire
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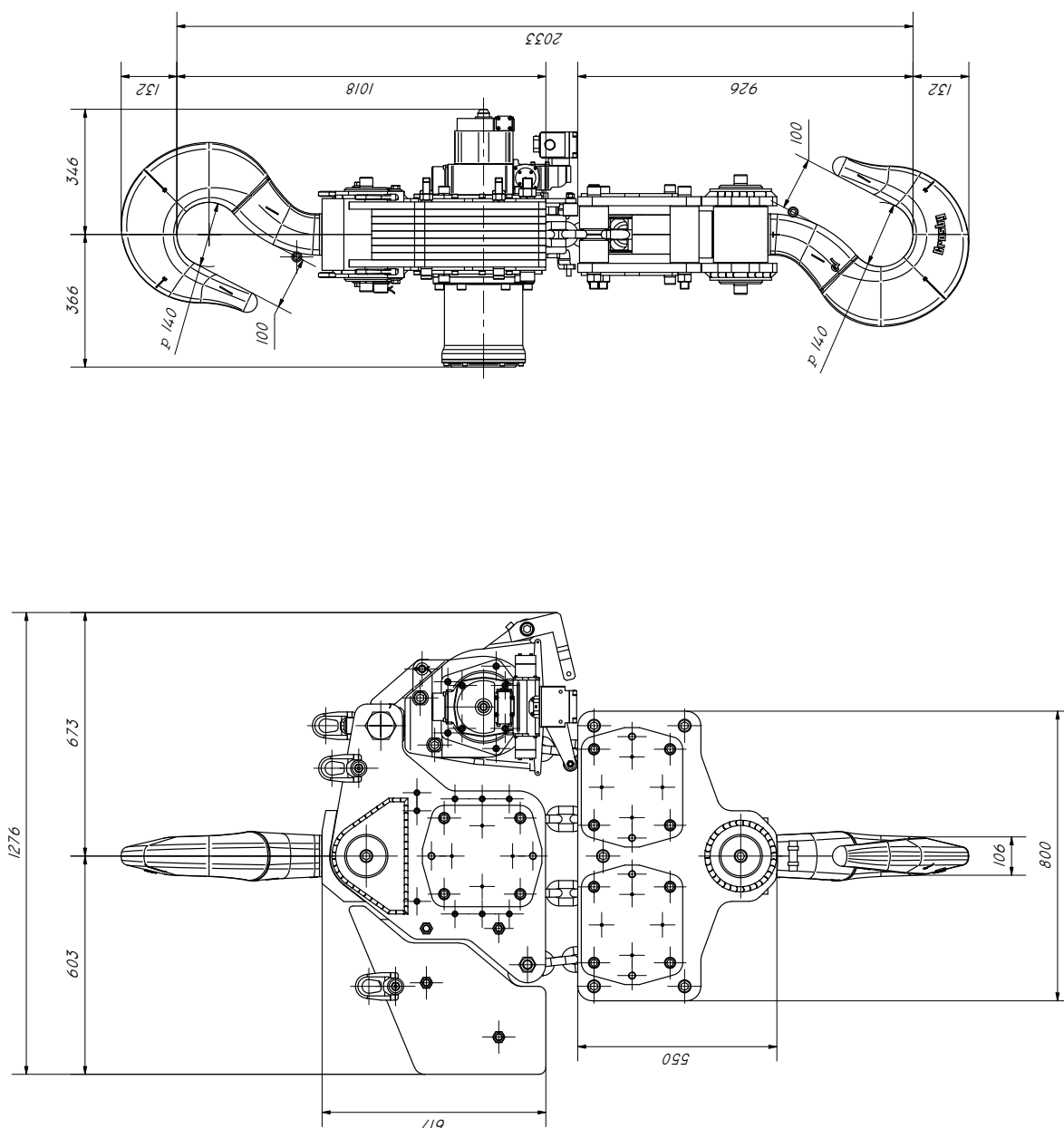
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W: www.redroosterlifting.com

C06-AH25 REV0

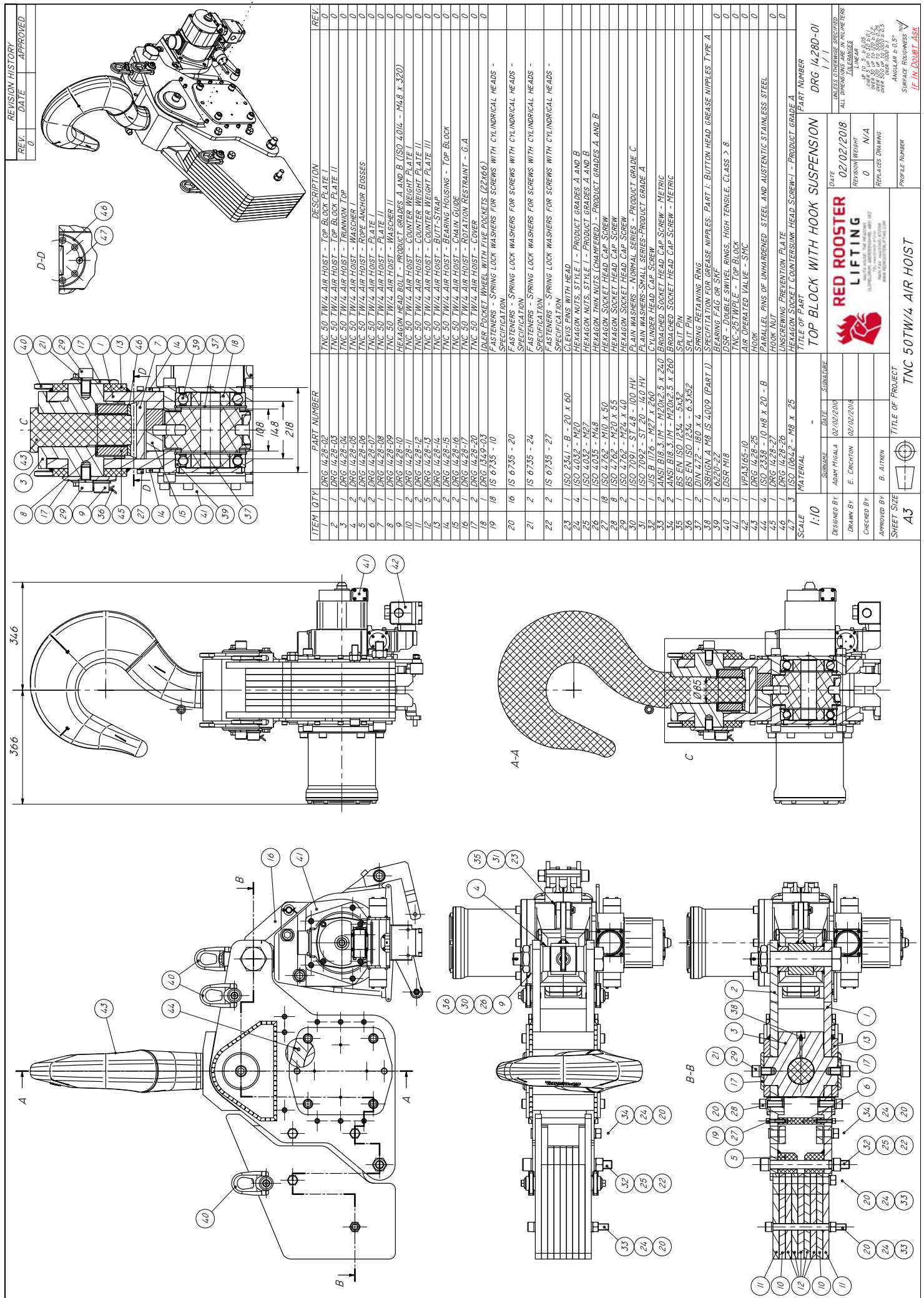


DRAWINGS AND PARTS LISTS

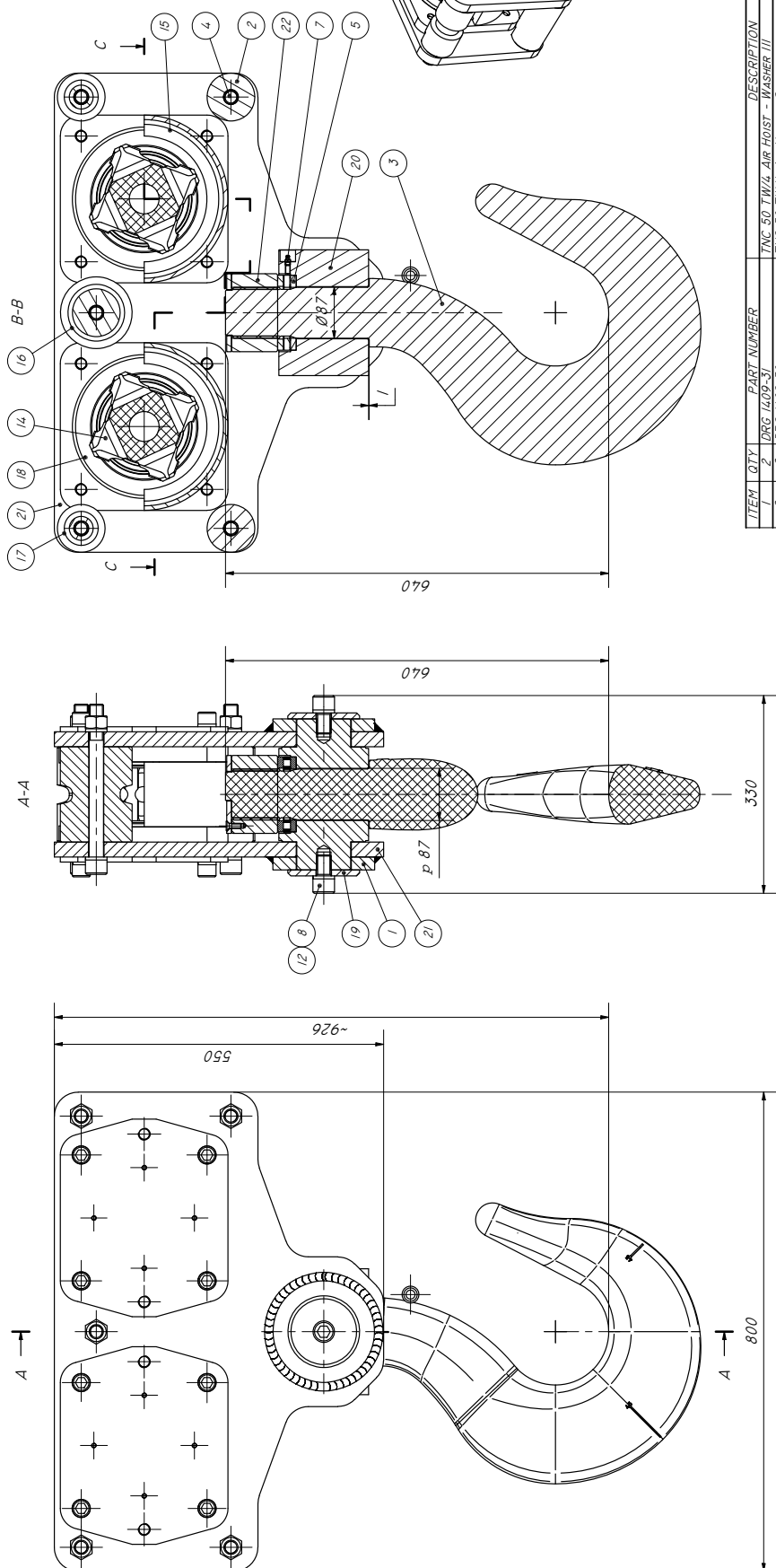
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REV.	DATE	APPROVED
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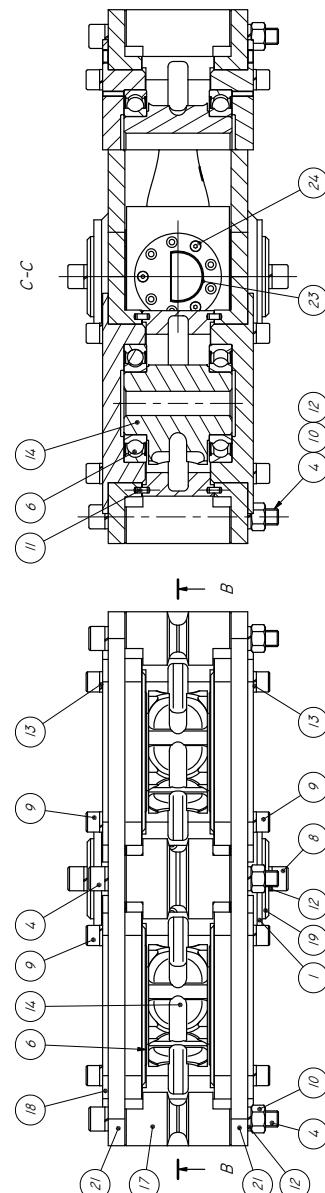
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DESIGNED BY ADAM MIGALA		DATE 03/02/2010		DATE 29/01/2018		UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS TOLERANCES	
DRAWN BY E. CROFTON		DATE 29/01/2018		REVISION 0		LINEAR HOLE ±0.05 TO 0.5 OVER ±0.05 TO 0.5 UNDER ±0.05 TO 0.5 HOLE ±0.05 TO 0.5 OVER ±0.05 TO 0.5 UNDER ±0.05 TO 0.5 ANGLE ±0.5°	
CHECKED BY				REPLACES DRAWING		SURFACE FINISHES AS REQUIRED	
APPROVED BY B. ATKIN				PROFILE NUMBER		IF IN DOUBT, ASK	
SHEET SIZE A3		TITLE OF PROJECT TNC-50TW/4(H) / TNC-50TW/4(S)					

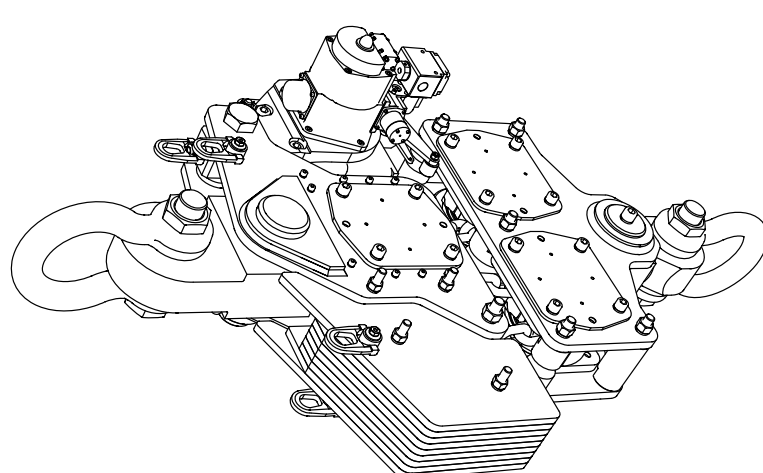
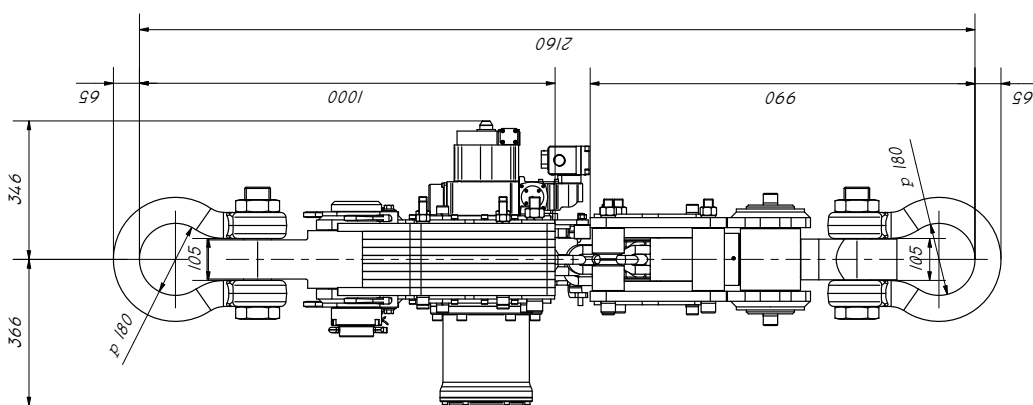
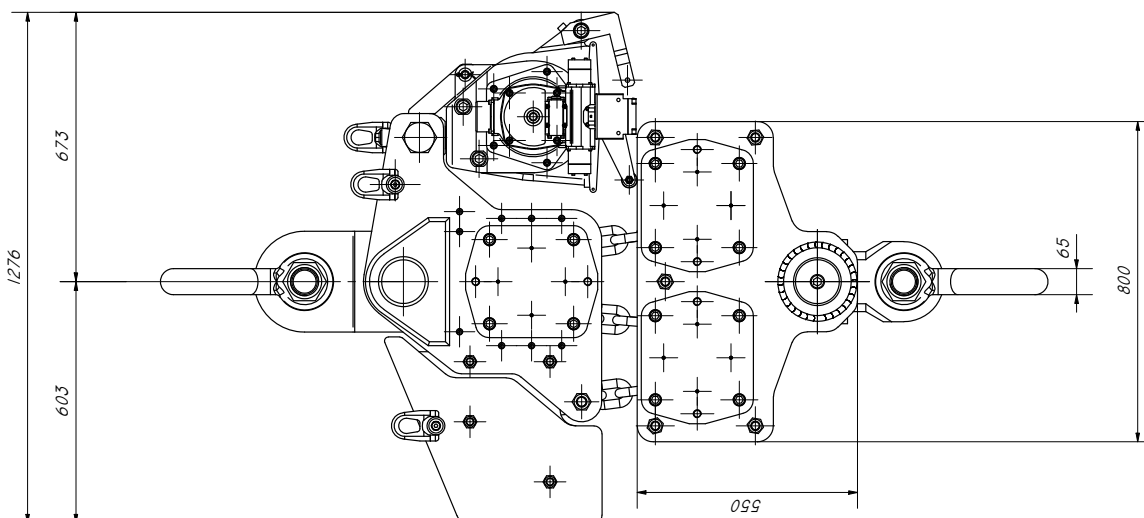


REVISION HISTORY		
REV.	DATE	APPROVED
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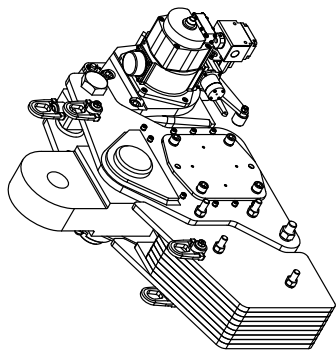
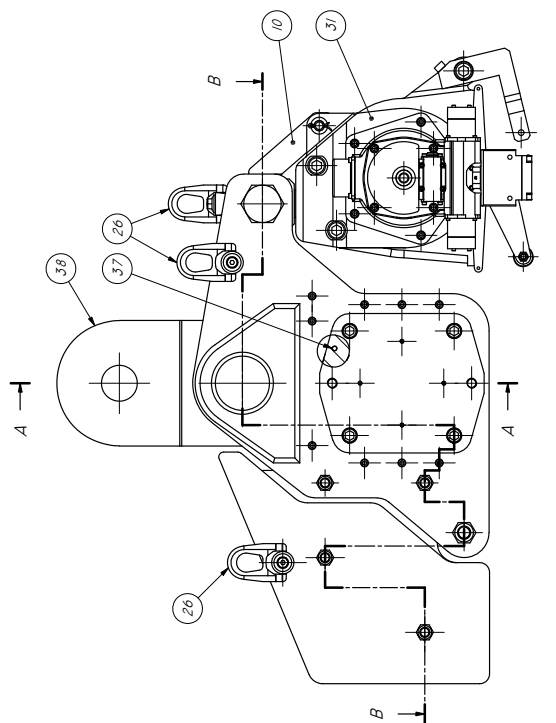
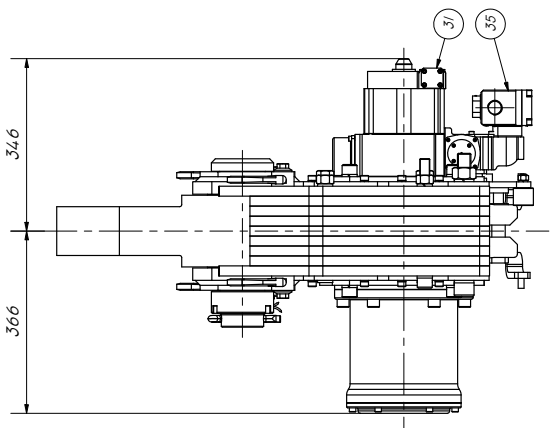
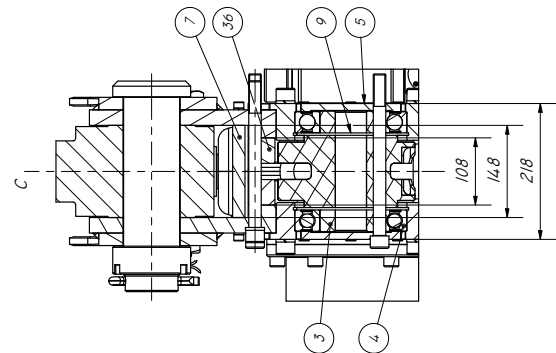
ITEM	QTY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	REV.	MASS
1	2	DRG 1409-37	TNC 50 T1W/4 AIR HOIST - WASHER III	0	2.7 KG
2	2	DRG 1409-38	TNC 50 T1W/4 AIR HOIST - SPACER	0	5.1 KG
3	2	DRG 1428-25	HOOK	0	93.9 KG
4	5	BUSH BR3 IM - M24x3 x 26.0	GROoved SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW - METRIC	0	1.7 KG
5	1	DRG 1409-26	BEARING FLAG OR RING	0	0.2 KG
6	4	S270-2V	BEARING FLAG OR RING	0	0.2 KG
7	1	SEBON A MB IS 4.009 (PART I)	SPRING-TYPE STRAIGHT PINS - SLOTTED LIGHT DUTY	0	0.0 KG
8	2	ISO 4.762 - M24 x 4.0	HEXAGON SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	0	0.3 KG
9	16	ISO 4.762 - M24 X 5.5	HEXAGON SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	0	0.2 KG
10	5	ISO 4.032 - M20 x 11	HEXAGON NUTS, STYLE I - PRODUCT GRADES A AND B	0	0.1 KG
11	8	ISO 13337 - 10 X 20	SPRING-TYPE STRAIGHT PINS - SLOTTED LIGHT DUTY	0	0.0 KG
12	12	IS 6.245 - 20	FAS-TENERS - SPRING LOCK WASHERS FOR SCREWS WITH CYLINDRICAL HEADS - SPECIFICATION	0	0.0 KG
13	16	IS 6.245 - 24	FAS-TENERS - SPRING LOCK WASHERS FOR SCREWS WITH CYLINDRICAL HEADS - SPECIFICATION	0	0.0 KG
14	2	DRG 1172-01	POCKET WHEEL 22X66	2	121 KG
15	2	DRG 1409-19	TNC 50 T1W/4 AIR HOIST - CHAIN GUIDE	0	8.5 KG
16	1	DRG 1409-28	TNC 50 T1W/4 AIR HOIST - CENTRE SPACER	0	10.8 KG
17	2	DRG 1409-29	TNC 50 T1W/4 AIR HOIST - EDGE SPACER GROOVED	0	4.3 KG
18	4	DRG 1409-22	TNC 50 T1W/4 AIR HOIST - BEARING HOUSING - BOTTOM BLOCK	0	18.3 KG
19	2	DRG 1409-26	TNC 50 T1W/4 AIR HOIST - COVER	0	0.8 KG
20	1	DRG 1409-27	TNC 50 T1W/4 AIR HOIST - TRUNION BOTOM BLOCK	0	34.4 KG
21	2	DRG 1409-25	TNC 50 T1W/4 AIR HOIST - SIDE PLATE BOTTOM BLOCK	0	56.7 KG
22	1	DRG 1428-27	HOCK NUT	0	5.1 KG
23	2	DRG 1428-26	UNCHECKING PREVENTION PLATE	0	0.0 KG
24	5	ISO 10662 - M8 x 25	HEXAGON SOCKET COUNTERSINK HEAD SCREW-I - PRODUCT GRADE A	0	0.0 KG
MATERIAL SCALE			PART NUMBER		
1:7.5			DRG 1409D-17		
DESIGNED BY ADAM MIGALA			DATE 18/08/2008		
DRAWN BY E. CRONIN			REVISION WEIGHT 0 N/A		
CHECKED BY B. ATKEN			REPLACES DRAWING		
APPROVED BY			PROFILE NUMBER		
SHEET SIZE A3			TITLE OF PROJECT TNC 50TW/4 AIR HOIST		
 RED ROOSTER LIFTING SAFETY FIRST! ALWAYS USE THE PROPER LIFTING TECHNIQUE. NEVER EXCEED THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE LOAD (M.A.L.).			TOP DATE 05/02/2018 REVISION 0 WEIGHT N/A REPLACES DRAWING PROFILE NUMBER		
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED LINEAR ANGULAR ± 0.5° SURFACE ROUGHNESS IF IN DOUBT ASK			ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED LINEAR ANGULAR ± 0.5° SURFACE ROUGHNESS IF IN DOUBT ASK		





SCALE 1:12.5		MATERIAL		TITLE OF PART		GENERAL ASSEMBLY		PART NUMBER	
DESIGNED BY ADAM MICALA		DATE 14/07/2004		SIGNATURE		DATE 29/01/2018		DRG 1368D-22	
DRAWN BY E. CRICHTON		29/01/2018				REVISION 0		2 / 2	
CHECKED BY						WEIGHT N/A		ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS	
APPROVED BY B. AITKEN						REPLACES DRAWING		UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED	
SHEET SIZE A3		TITLE OF PROJECT TNC-50TW/4(H) / TNC-50TW/4(S)				PROFILE NUMBER		LINEAR UP TO 1000.0 OVER 1000 TO 2500.0 OVER 2500 TO 5000.0 OVER 5000 TO 10000.0 OVER 10000 TO 25000.0 OVER 25000 TO 50000.0 OVER 50000 TO 100000.0 OVER 100000 TO 250000.0 OVER 250000 TO 500000.0 OVER 500000 TO 1000000.0 OVER 1000000 TO 2500000.0 OVER 2500000 TO 5000000.0 OVER 5000000 TO 10000000.0 OVER 10000000 TO 25000000.0 OVER 25000000 TO 50000000.0 OVER 50000000 TO 100000000.0 OVER 100000000 TO 250000000.0 OVER 250000000 TO 500000000.0 OVER 500000000 TO 1000000000.0 OVER 1000000000 TO 2500000000.0 OVER 2500000000 TO 5000000000.0 OVER 5000000000 TO 10000000000.0 OVER 10000000000 TO 25000000000.0 OVER 25000000000 TO 50000000000.0 OVER 50000000000 TO 100000000000.0 OVER 100000000000 TO 250000000000.0 OVER 250000000000 TO 500000000000.0 OVER 500000000000 TO 1000000000000.0 OVER 1000000000000 TO 2500000000000.0 OVER 2500000000000 TO 5000000000000.0 OVER 5000000000000 TO 10000000000000.0 OVER 10000000000000 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REVISION HISTORY		
REV.	DATE	APPROVED
0		



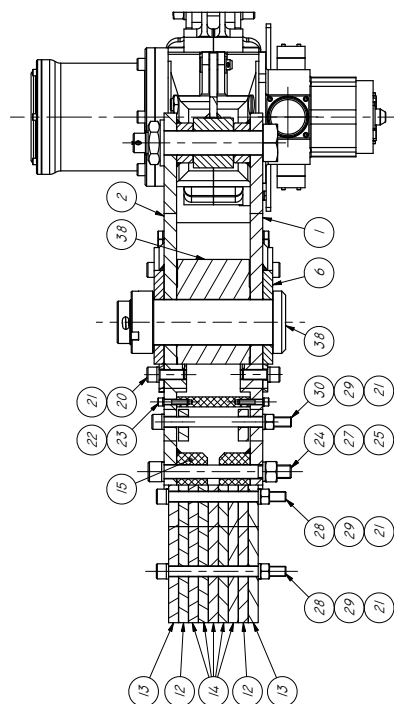
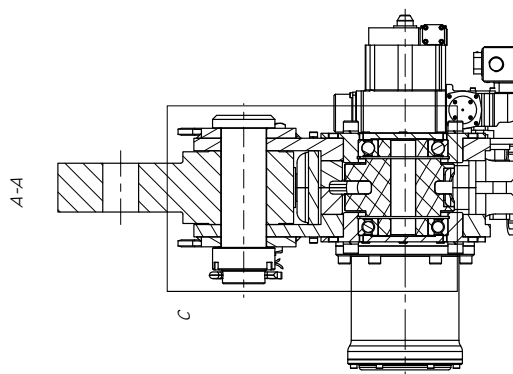
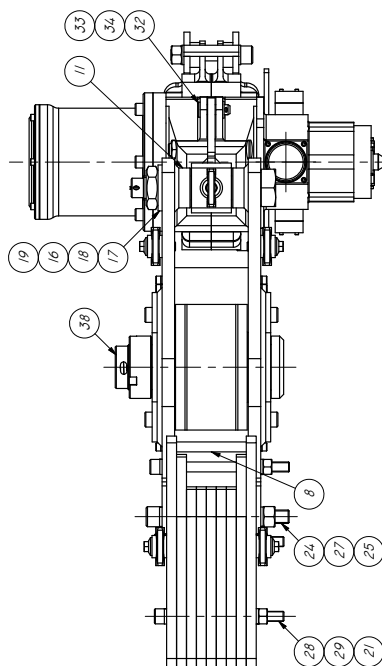
ITEM	QTY	PART NUMBER	PARTS LIST	DESCRIPTION	REV.
1	DRG L238-02	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST - TOP LOCK PLATE I			0
2	1 DRG L238-03	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST - TOP LOCK PLATE II			0
3	2 DRG L240-03	UNDER POCKET WHEEL WITH FIVE POKETS (L2266)			0
4	2 D220-27	BEARING FLAG OR SIF			0
5	2 DRG L248-15	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST - BEARING HOUSING - TOP BLOCK			0
6	2 DRG L248-14	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST - BUTT-STRAIP			0
7	1 DRG L248-08	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST - PLATE I			0
8	2 DRG L248-07	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST - PLATE II			0
9	2 DIN 472 - 180 x 4	SPRING RETAINING RING			0
10	1 DRG L248-17	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST - ROTATION RESTRAINT - G.A			0
11	2 DRG L248-05	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST - WASHER I			0
12	2 DRG L248-11	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST - COUNTER WEIGHT PLATE I			0
13	2 DRG L248-10	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST - COUNTER WEIGHT PLATE II			0
14	2 DRG L248-09	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST - COUNTER WEIGHT PLATE III			0
15	2 DRG L248-06	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST - ROPE ANCHOR BOLSS			0
16	1 ISO 7091 - ST 4.8 - 100 HV	HEXAGON HEAD BOLT - PRODUCT GRADES A AND B			0
17	1 ISO 7091 - ST 4.8 - 100 HV	PLAIN WASHERS - NORMAL SERIES - PRODUCT GRADE C			0
18	1 BS EN ISO 1234 - 6.3x52	HEXAGON THIN NUTS (CAMTERED) - PRODUCT GRADES A AND B			0
19	1 BS EN ISO 1234 - 6.3x52	SPLIT PIN			0
20	8 IS 6735 - M20 x 55	HEXAGON SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW			0
21	16 IS 6735 - 20	FASTENERS - SPRING LOCK WASHERS FOR SORENS WITH CYLINDRICAL HEADS - SPECIFICATION			0
22	18 IS 6735 - 10	FASTENERS - SPRING LOCK WASHERS FOR SORENS WITH CYLINDRICAL HEADS - SPECIFICATION			0
23	18 IS 6735 - 10	BROACHED SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW			0
24	18 IS 6735 - 10	CLEVIS PIN			0
25	2 IS 6735 - 27	FASSTNRS - SPRING LOCK WASHERS FOR SORENS WITH CYLINDRICAL HEADS - SPECIFICATION			0
26	5 DSR M18	DSR - DOUBLE SWIVEL RINGS, HIGH TENSILE, CLASS > 8			0
27	1 ISO 4032 - M27	HEXAGON NUTS, STYLE I - PRODUCT GRADES A AND B			0
28	ANSI B18.3 IM - M20x2.5 x 240	BROACHED SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW - METRIC			0
29	ISO 4032 - M20	HEXAGON NUTS, STYLE I - PRODUCT GRADES A AND B			0
30	ANSI B18.3 IM - M20x2.5 x 260	BROACHED SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW - METRIC			0
31	1	TNC-25TWIPLE - TOP BLOCK			0
32	ISO 2347 - B - 20 x 60	CLEVIS PINS WITH HEAD			0
33	1	SPLIT PIN			0
34	ISO 1234 - ST 20 - 140 HV	TNC WASHERS SHALL SERIES-PRODUCT GRADE A			0
35	DPA165-10	AIR OPERATED VALVE - SYMS			0
36	2 DRG L238-10	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST - CHAIN GUIDE			0
37	4 ISO 2338 - 10 H8 x 20 - B	PARALLEL PINS OF UNHARDENED STEEL AND AUSTENITIC STAINLESS STEEL			0
38	1 DRG L238-24	TOP-LEE			0
SCALE	MATERIAL	TITLE OF PART	TITLE OF PROJECT		
1:10	-	TOP BLOCK WITH SHACKLE SUSPENSION	TNC 50 TW1/4 AIR HOIST		
DESIGNED BY	SUBNAME	DATE	SIGNATURE		
DRAWN BY	E. CRICHTON	02/02/2008			
CHECKED BY					
APPROVED BY	B. ATKIN				
SHEET SIZE					
A3					

RED ROOSTER LIFTING

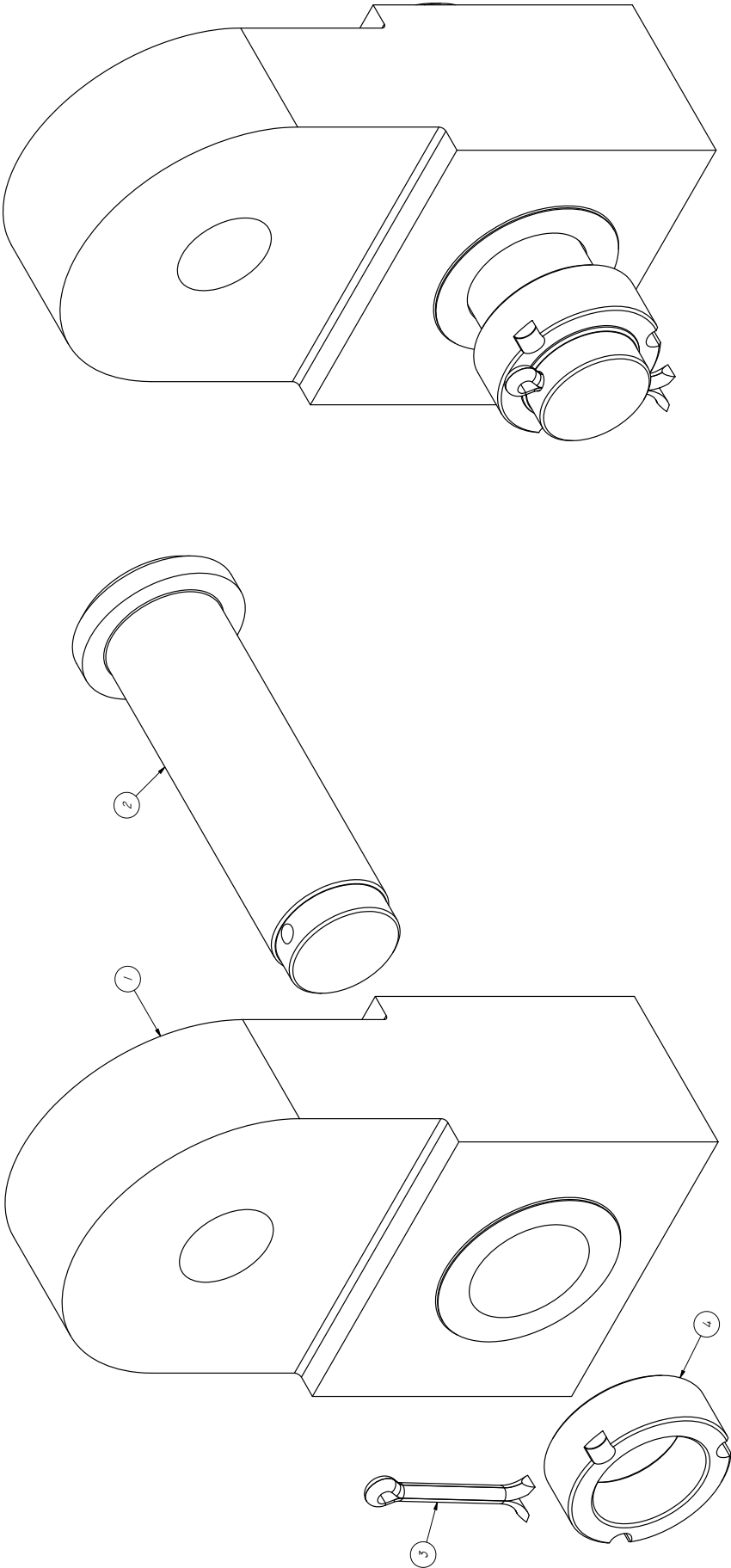
RED ROOSTER LIFTING
ESTABLISHED IN 1982
MAKES ALL TYPES OF LIFTING EQUIPMENT

DATE: 28/02/2018
REGION: 0
WEIGHT: N/A
REPLACES DRAWING: DRG L159-01
PROFILE NUMBER:

ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
TOLERANCES:
UP TO 30 mm ± 0.05
OVER 30 TO 60 mm ± 0.1
OVER 60 TO 100 mm ± 0.15
OVER 100 TO 150 mm ± 0.2
ANGULAR 0.05°
SURFACE FINISHNESS AS REQUIRED
IF IN DOUBT ASK



REVISION HISTORY		
REV.	DATE	APPROVED
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PARTS LIST									
ITEM	QTY	DRG	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION		REV.			
1	1	DRG 1428-21		TOP EYE		0			
2	1	DRG 1428-22		PIN		0			
3	1	DIN EN ISO 1234 - 13X10		SPLIT PIN		0			
4	1	DRG 1428-23		NUT		0			
SCALE		MATERIAL		TITLE OF PART		PART NUMBER			
1:3				TOP EYE (FOR TANDEM PLATE) - ASS'LY		DRG 1428-24			
DESIGNED BY		SIGNATURE		DATE		1 / 1			
DRAWN BY		SIGNATURE		DATE		UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED			
CHECKED BY		SIGNATURE		DATE		ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS			
APPROVED BY		SIGNATURE		DATE		TOLERANCES			
SHEET SIZE		TITLE OF PROJECT		REVISION/WEIGHT		UP TO 5 0.05			
A3		TNC 50TW/4		01/03/2018		OVER 5 UP TO 0.1			
				N/A		OVER 0.1 UP TO 0.2			
				REPLACES DRAWING		OVER 0.2 UP TO 0.5			
				PROFILE NUMBER		OVER 0.5 UP TO 1			
						OVER 1000 0.1			
						ANGULAR 0.05°			
						SURFACE ROUGHNESS $\sqrt{A}$			
						IF IN DOUBT ASK			



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES

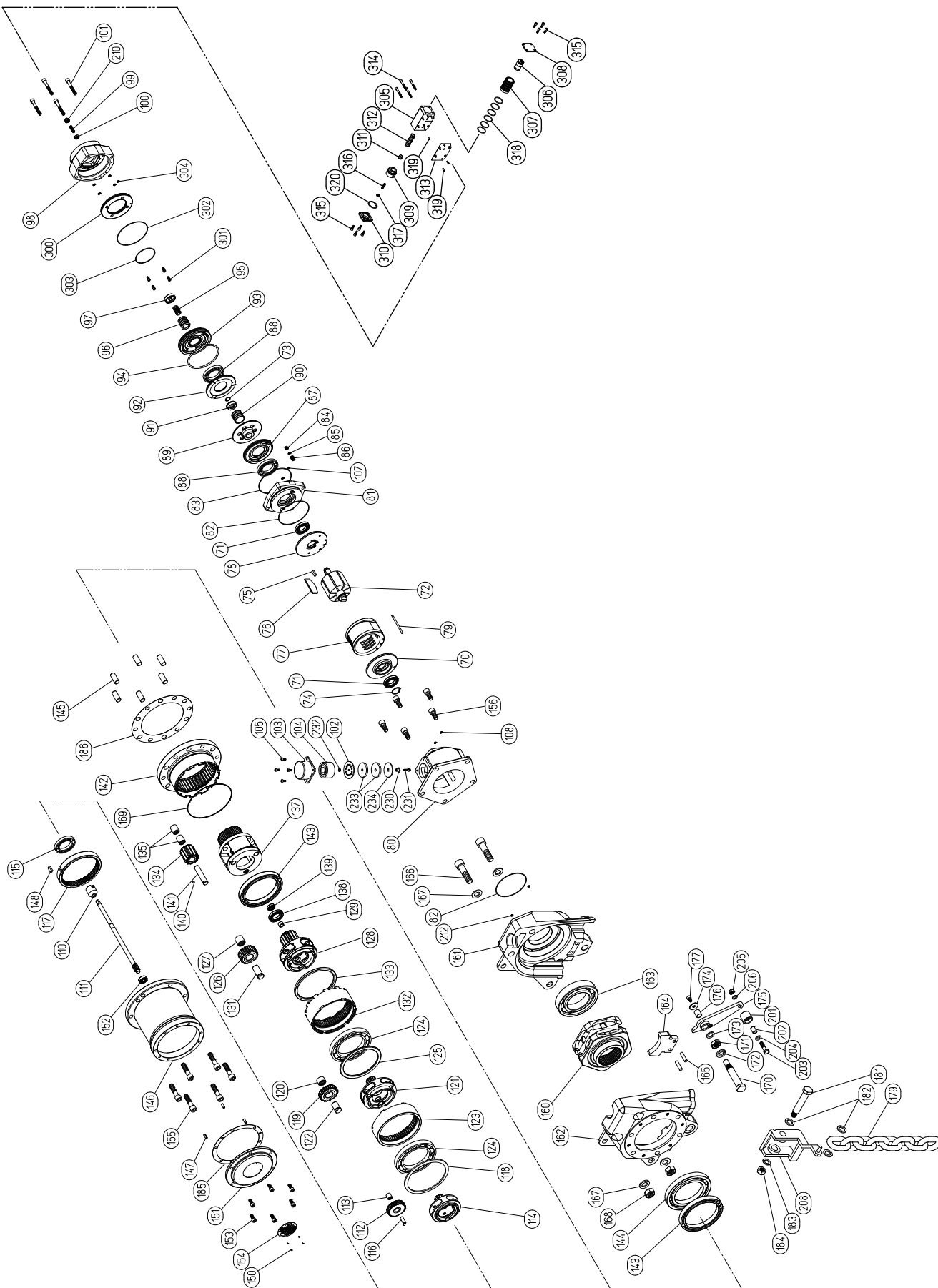
LINEAR
OVER 300 UP TO 600 ±0.3
OVER 600 UP TO 1000 ±0.5
OVER 1000 UP TO 1500 ±0.7
OVER 1500 ±1.0

ANGULAR ±0.5° MIN
SURFACE ROUGHNESS √
IF IN DOUBT ASK

Hoist Body - TNC-50TW/4

10.11.19

D01-AH25 REV0



Hoist Body - TNC-50TW/4
 10.11.19

D01-AH25 REV0

Fig. No.	Part Number	Part Name	Parts Per Hoist
070	426301K70	FRONT PLATE	1
071	130106008	BEARING 6007ZZ	2
072	426301K40	ROTOR	1
073	130302020	RETAINING RING S-20	1
074	130302035	RETAINING RING S-35	1
075	130408110	BRAKE WHEEL KEY	1
076	137102012	VANE	8
077	426301K50	CYLINDER	1
078	426301K20	REAR PLATE	1
079	130402008	CYLINDER KNOCK	1
080	426307K80	MOTOR CASE	1
081	426307N30	MOTOR COVER	1
082	131103063	O-RING S-135	2
083	131103064	O-RING S-140	1
084	426301W30	BRAKE VALVE	2
085	131103007	O-RING S-9	2
086	130802272	BRAKE VALVE SPRING	2
087	426301W80	BRAKE SHIFTER (M)	1
088	130116011	BEARING 16011	2
089	426301P30	BRAKE DISC	1
090	130802273	SHIFTER SPRING	1
091	426301W70	SHIFTER SPRING SEAT	1
092	426301W90	BRAKE SHIFTER(S)	1
093	426301Q70	BRAKE PISTON	1
094	131101077	O-RING P-130	1
095	130802274	BRAKE SPRING (S)	1
096	130802275	BRAKE SPRING (L)	1
097	426301B70	BRAKE SPRING SEAT	1
098	426307P20	BRAKE CASE	1
099	132310035	HEX SOCKET HEAD SET SCREW M10X35	1
100	426301Q90	HEX NUT M10	1
101	131710085	HEX SOCKET HEAD SET CREW M10X85	4
102	426303AU1	EXHAUST PLATE	1
103	426301Q61	EXHAUST COVER	1
104	137402052	SILENCER (SL)	1
105	131706014	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP BOLT M6X14	4
107	131103004	O-RING S-6	2
108	131101004	O-RING P-6	2
110	426305L20	COUPLING	1
111	426305L30	PINION	1
112	426305L80	FIRST IDLE GEAR	3
113	130131220	NEEDLE BEARING TA-1220	3
114	426305M10	FIRST FRAME	1
115	130116011	BEARING 16011	1
116	426305M20	FIRST IDLE GEAR SHAFT	3
117	426305L90	FIRST INTERNAL GEAR	1
118	426305L40	CONED DISC SPRING	1
119	426301M40	SECOND IDLE GEAR	3
120	130132520	NEEDLE BEARING TA2520	3

Fig. No.	Part Number	Part Name	Parts Per Hoist
121	426301M70	SECOND FRAME	1
122	426301M50	SECOND IDLE GEAR SHAFT	3
123	426301M60	SECOND INTERNAL GEAR	1
124	130116024	BEARING 16024	2
125	426301K60	INTERNAL GEAR SPACER	1
126	426301N40	THIRD IDLE GEAR	3
127	130132530	NEEDLE BEARING TA2530	3
128	426305N71	THIRD FRAME	1
129	426305AD0	PINION SPACER	1
131	426301N50	THIRD IDLE GEAR SHAFT	3
132	426301N60	THIRD INTERNAL GEAR	1
133	426305N91	THIRD INTERNAL GEAR SPACER	1
134	426305V41	LAST IDLE GEAR	3
135	130132130	NEEDLE BEARING TA2030Z	6
137	426305V62	LAST FRAME	1
138	130104008	BEARING 6007	1
139	130106003	BEARING 6002ZZ	1
140	130406005	PARALLEL PIN 4X10	3
141	426305V71	LAST IDLE GEAR SHAFT	3
142	426305V81	LAST INTERNAL GEAR	1
143	131112830	BEARING 6830	2
144	130126026	BEARING 6026DDU	1
145	426305L61	KNOCK PIN	6
146	426305N80	GEAR CASE	1
147	130608020	SPRING PIN 8X20	3
148	130408111	INTERNAL GEAR KEY	1
150	133001110	RIVET 0X3.2	4
151	426305N20	GEAR COVER	1
152	130107003	BEARING 6202	1
153	131710025	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M10X25	6
154	137301035	NAME PLATE 25 TON	1
155	131716070	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M16X70	6
156	131716035	HEX SOCKET HEAD CARP SCREW M16X35	5
160	426305R22	LOAD SHEAVE	1
161	426305D51	SIDE PLATE (M)	1
162	426305D61	SIDE PLATE (G)	1
163	130126220	BEARING 6220DDU	1
164	426305R40	CHAIN SEPARATOR	1
165	130406045	SPRING PIN 12X45	2
166	131724090	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M24X90	2
167	131310024	SPRING WASHERM24	4
168	134401024	HEX NUT M24	2
169	131103195	O-RING S-195	1
170	426305X60	CHAIN SET SPINDLE	1
171	134403024	HEX NUT M24	1
172	131310024	SPRING WASHER M24	1
173	131307020	WASHER M20	1
174	426305W60	LIMIT LEVER THRUST PLATE	1

Hoist Body - TNC-50TW/4

10.11.19

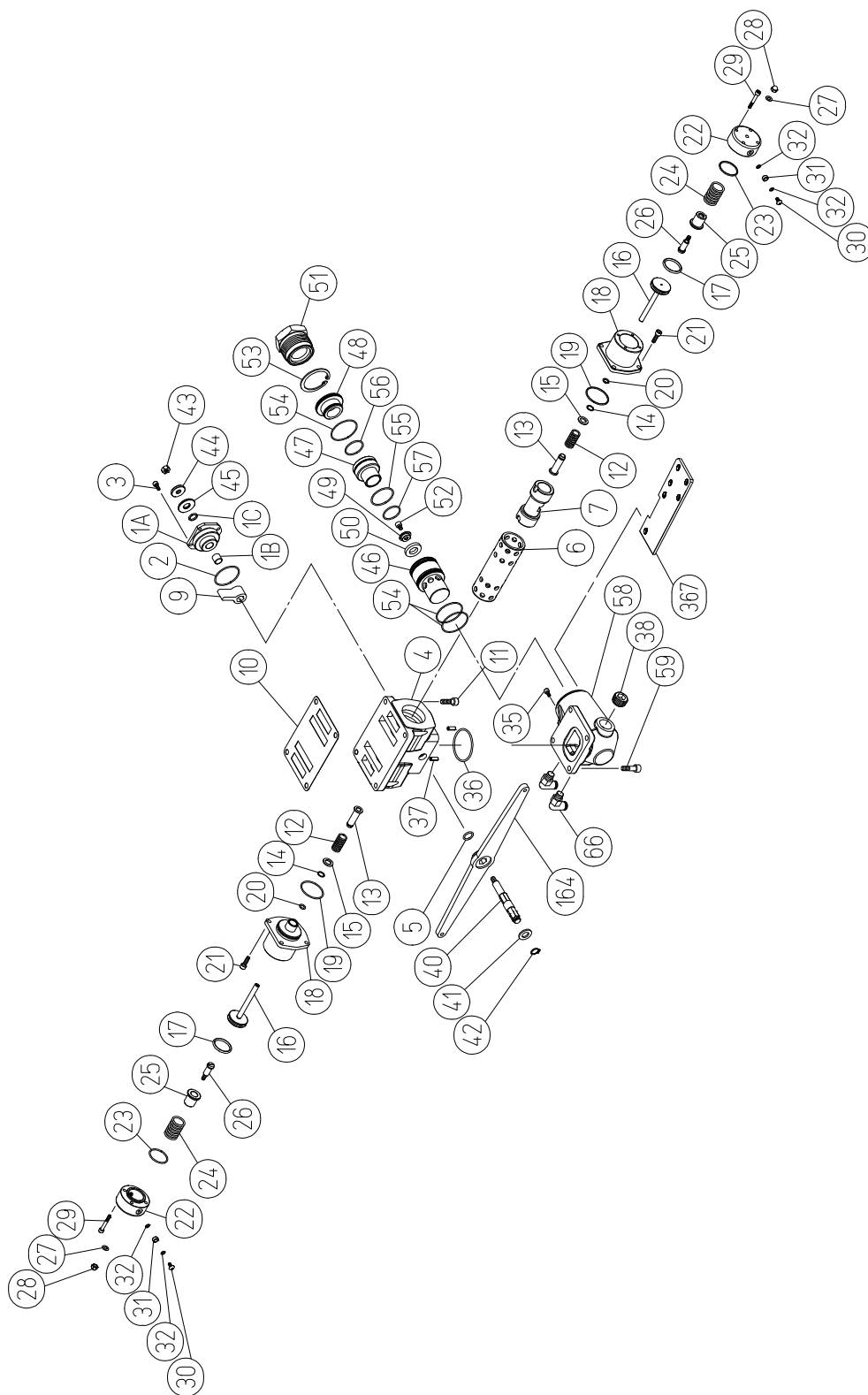
D01-AH25 REV0

Fig. No.	Part Number	Part Name	Parts Per Hoist
175	426305R61	LIMIT LEVER	1
176	130220025	DU BUSH MB2025DU	1
177	131710015	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M10X15	1
179	AHC22/80	CHAIN 22mm	HOL
181	426305X81	CHAIN END PIN	3
182	131306024	WASHER M24	3
183	131307020	WASHER M20	1
184	134501020	U-NUT M20	1
185	136102100	GEAR COVER PACKING (N)	1
186	136102139	INTERNAL GEAR PACKING (N)	1
201	426305F20	LIMIT ROLLER	1
202	426305F30	LIMIT SPACER	1
203	131612050	HEX BOLT M12X50	1
204	131307012	PLAIN WASHER M12	1
205	134401012	HEX NUT M12	1
206	131301012	SPRING WASHER M12	1
208	426305AC0	LIMIT LEVER (D)	1
210	134415010	DOMED CAP NUT M10	1
212	131103006	O-RING S8	2
230	426303AW0	SCREW GUIDE	1
231	131706225	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M6X25 (SUS)	1
232	134501006	U-NUT M6	1
233	137402053	SILENCER (C)	2
234	137402054	SILENCER (F)	1
300	426307AL0	CHAMBER CAP	1
301	131706014	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M6X14	4
302	131103063	O-RING S-135	1
303	131103051	O-RING S-85	1
304	131103005	O-RING S-7	5
305	426307AM0	VALVE BOX	1
306	426307AN0	LIMIT SPOOL	1
307	426307AP0	LIMIT BUSHING	1
308	426307AQ0	BOX COVER	1
309	426307AR0	LIMIT RETAINER	1
310	426307AS0	ADJUST COVER	1
311	426307Z50	SPRING SEAT	1
312	130802276	SPRING 13X64X2	1
313	136102170	LIMIT GASKET	1
314	131705040	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M5X40	4
315	131705014	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M5X14	8
316	132306025	HEX SOCKET SET SCREW M6X25	1
317	134403006	HEX NUT M6	1
318	131103022	O-RING S-28	6
319	130406005	PARALLEL PIN 4X10 (H7)	3
320	130301032	RETAINING RING H-32	1

Built-In Mains Emergency Stop Valve Pendant Body - TNC-50TW/4

13.05.21

D01-AH25 REV0



Built-In Mains Emergency Stop Valve Pendant Body - TNC-50TW/4
13.05.21

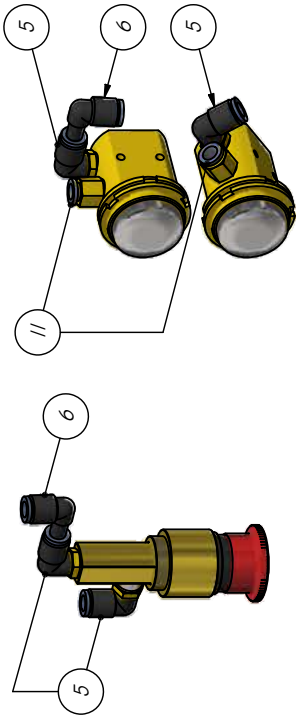
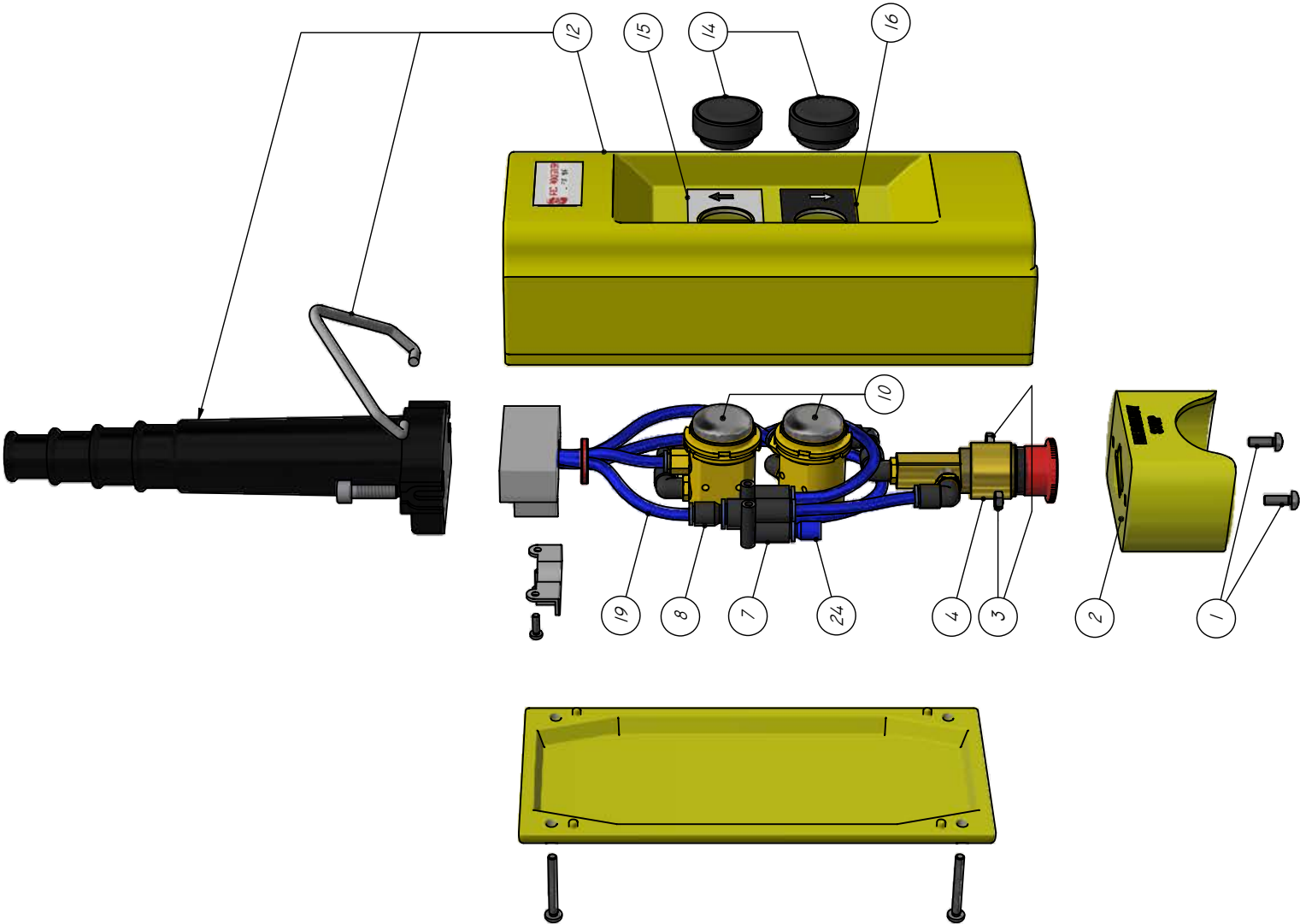
D01-AH25 REV0

Fig. No.	Part Number	Part Name	Parts Per Hoist
001A	426305J90	METAL BUSH	1
001B	130212012	DU BUSH	1
001C	131101012	O-RING P-12	1
002	131103035	O-RING S-44	1
003	131705012	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP CREW M5X12	4
004	426307A50	VALVE BODY	1
005	131151015	O-RING P-15	1
006	426301A60	VALVE BUSH	1
007	426301A70	THROTTLE VALVE	1
009	426301J80	VALVE SHAFT LEVER	1
010	136102097	VALVE BODY PACKING	1
011	131708025	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M8X25	4
012	130802270	THROTTLE VALVE SPRING (S)	2
013	426301G20	SPRING GUIDE (S)	2
014	130307011	CIR-CLIP WR-11 (SW-11)	2
015	426301R80	SPRING THRUST PLATE	2
016	426301F80	PISTON	2
017	131151028	O-RING P-29	2
018	426301B30	VALVE CAP	2
019	131103033	O-RING S-40	2
020	131151006	O-RING P-8	2
021	131706020	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M6X20	8
022	426301C80	CAP COVER	2
023	131103026	O-RING S-32	2
024	130802271	THROTTLE VALVE SPRING (L)	2
025	426301B50	SPRING SEAT	2
026	426301B60	CAP COVER	2
027	136102095	DICE READ	2
028	134402006	HEX NUT M6	2
029	131705035	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M5X35	8
030	426221G50	ELEMENT HOLDER	2
031	136302010	ELEMENT	2
032	136102094	PACKING	4
035	131705010	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M5X10	1
036	131117138	O-RING AS568-138	1
037	130606015	SPRING PIN 6X15	2
038	134901106	GM PLUG PT3/4	1
040	426305T70	LIMIT VALVE SHAFT	1
041	131307012	PLAIN WASHER M12	1
042	130302012	RETAINING RING S-12	1
043	134401008	HEX NUT M8	1
044	426305V30	LIMIT VALVE SHAFT WASHER	1
045	426305G80	VALVE SHAFT THRUST PLATE	1
046	426307BA0	MAIN CUT BUSHING	1
047	426307BB0	MAIN CUT VALVE	1
048	426307BC0	MAIN CUT CAP	1
049	426307BD0	MAIN CUT HOLDER	1
050	136102168	MAIN CUT SEAT	1
051	426307BFB	INLET BUSHING CP	1

Fig. No.	Part Number	Part Name	Parts Per Hoist
052	131706208	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M8X28	4
053	130301052	RETAINING RING H-52	1
054	131117032	O-RING AS568-032	3
055	131103033	O-RING S-40	1
056	131103026	O-RING S-32	1
057	131103024	O-RING S-30	1
058	426307AX0	MAIN CUT BODY	1
059	131708028	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M8X28	4
066	135106002	JOINT PL6-02	2
164	426303S2F	CONTROL LEVER CP	1
367	DRGPB-01	PENDANT BRACKET	1

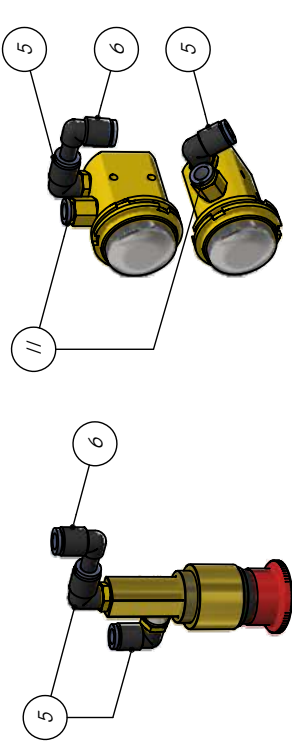
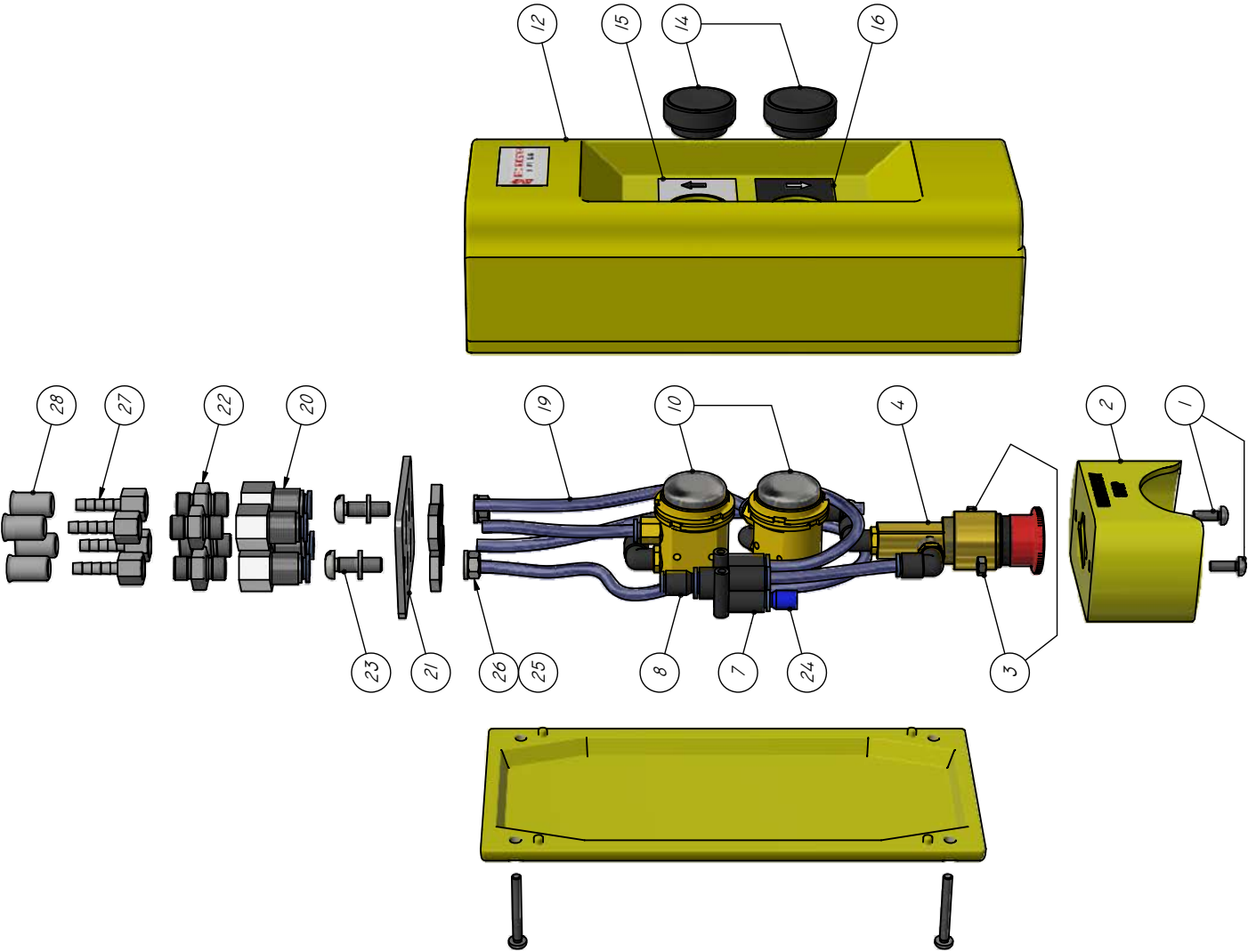
RED ROOSTER 2 STATION PENDANT - RRI-VTP2

ITEM	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	105P	M4 x 20 SCREW HEAD	4
2	E/STOP/GUARD01	GUARD FOR EMERGENCY STOP	1
3	133/1P	M4 NYLOCK	4
4	BIK3206P-BS54	E-STOP BUTTON	1
5	304P	1/8" TO 6mm BANJO	4
6	P118	90° ELBOW 6mm	2
7	P112	4 WAY JUNCTION	1
8	301P	8mm TO 6 mm CONNECTOR	1
10	BIK-3209-P-VALVE	PENDANT VALVE	2
11	P087	1/8" TO 6mm PUSH FIT	2
12	TP/2/HOUS	2 STATION HOUSING	1
14	BIK-3209-294-B-COVER	COVER FOR BIK VALVES	2
15	XAC-B-LEGEND-UP	UP LEGEND	1
16	XAC-B-LEGEND-DOWN	DOWN LEGEND	1
19	HP7	6mm TUBE	4
24	P116	6mm BLANKING PLUG	1



RED ROOSTER 2 STATION PENDANT - RRI-VTP2M

ITEM	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	105P	M4 x 20 SCREW HEAD	4
2	E/STOP/GUARD01	GUARD FOR EMERGENCY STOP	1
3	133/1P	M4 NYLOCK NUT	4
4	BIK3206P-BS54	EMERGENCY STOP BUTTON	1
5	304P	8mm TO 6mm BANJO	4
6	P118	90° ELBOW 6mm	2
7	P112	4 WAY JUNCTION	1
8	301P	8mm to 6mm REDUCER	1
10	BIK-3209-P-V-VALVE	PENDANT VALVE	2
11	P087	1/8" TO 6mm PUSHFIT	2
12	TP/2/HOUS/M	2 STATION PENDANT	1
14	BIK-3209-294-B-COVER	COVER FOR BIK VALVES	2
15	XAC-B-LEGEND-UP	UP LEGEND	1
16	XAC-B-LEGEND-DOWN	DOWN LEGEND	1
19	HP7	6mm SMC TUBE	4
20	P245	1/8" TO 6mm BULKHEAD AND NUT	4
21	DRG 2652-01	PLATE	1
22	P071/1	1/8" BSP NIPPLE C/W CONE	4
23	122P	M6 x 20 HEX BOLT	2
24	P117	8mm BLANKING PLUG	1
25	139P	M6 NYLOCK NUT	2
26	145P	M6 WASHER	2
27	P016/1	1/8" BSP SWIVEL TO 1/4" HOSE TAIL	4
28	P002/1	1/4" HOSE FERRULES	4





ACCESSORIES



ACCESSORIES

MAINS EMERGENCY STOP VALVES

ON TCR and TNC model hoists the mains valve can either be internal or mounted external to the hoist. As a mains emergency stop valve we use a range of 3/2 normally closed valves on pendant control hoists. These range from 0.5" to 1.5" depending on the hoist capacity but with the latest hoists having the valves built into the hoist they are only required on cord conversion to pendant hoists on hoists manufactured before 2014.

Valve models: 0.5" = VSA 3135-04, 0.75" = VSA3145-06, 1" = VPA 3165-10
ATEX version 0.75" = X773.32.11.1C, 0.75" = VJJ4306/2B, 1" = VJJ4703-2B

PILOT VALVE

These valves are used on TCR hoists where the pendant length is more than 10 metres long. The valves are opened by the control air from the pendant opening the valve allowing full pressure to open the hoist spool valve.

Valve model: SYJA712-01

DUMP VALVES

On hoists fitted with 1/4" air hose in place of tubes, dump valves are fitted to the control lines to reduce operating delays.

Valve model: DV/0.25

FILTER SILENCING - TYPE AMC

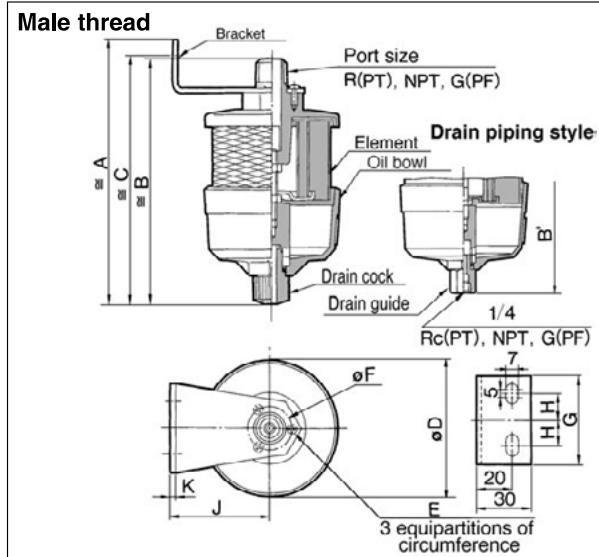
This ensures clean plant air and reduces noise levels.

In areas where you do not want the exhaust air / oil to go freely into the atmosphere we can either pipe the exhaust air away to another room, fit a filter silencer unit, or a combination of both using the exhaust pipe with a filter silencer on the end of the hose.

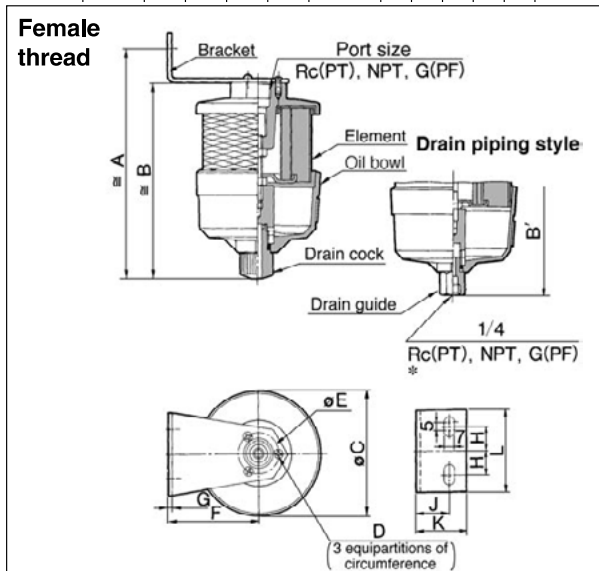
- ▷ The filter removes 99.9% of oil from the exhaust air.
- ▷ The noise level is also reduced by the silencer and also with the exhaust noise.
- ▷ Temperature range 5°C to 60°C.
- ▷ The exhaust hose and filter should be at least one size larger than the incoming air supply hose.
- ▷ The exhaust cleaner must be mounted vertically.
- ▷ If the oil drop level decreases or after a period of 1 year the filter element.

AMC

Construction/Dimensions



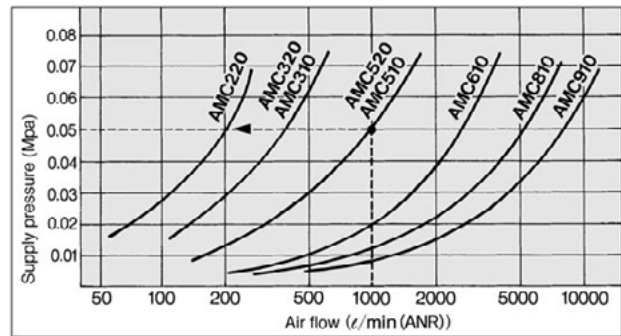
Model	Port size	A	B	C	D	Mounting bracket							Drain piping
						E	F	G	H	J	K	B'	
AMC310	3/8	150.5	138.5	140.5	75	M3 Depth	24	50	15	55	2.3	141.5	
AMC510	3/4	203.5	196.5	193.5	102	M4 Depth	40	70	20	70	3.2	199.5	
AMC610	1	229.5	224.5	219.5	118	M4 Depth	48	70	20	80	3.2	227.5	
AMC810	1 1/2	—	270	—	135	—	—	—	—	—	—	273	
AMC910	2	—	327	—	153	—	—	—	—	—	—	330	



Model	Port size	A	B	C	D	Mounting bracket							Drain piping
						E	F	G	H	J	K	L	
AMC220	1/4	100	88	56	M3 Depth	22	40	2.3	15	12	20	50	73"
AMC320	1/4, 3/8	140.5	120.5	75	M3 Depth	24	55	2.3	15	20	30	50	123.5
AMC520	1/2, 3/4	193.5	173.5	102	M4 Depth	40	70	3.2	20	20	30	70	176.5

* On the AMC220, an R(PT)1/4 fitting can be attached by removing the drain cock.

Flow Characteristics



How to view the diagram: If the AMC510 is operated at a flow volume of 1000 l/min (ANR), the supply pressure will be 0.05MPa.

⚠ Precautions

Design

⚠ Warning

- The exhaust port could become blocked by the clogging of the exhaust cleaner. Therefore, make sure to provide a safe design so as not to cause the whole system to malfunction.

⚠ Caution

- If this will be used with a centralized piping system, calculate the **peak** maximum air consumption by including the actuators that operate simultaneously and the capacity of the piping that is connected. Then, select a model so that the calculated value will be less than the maximum flow volume of the **exhaust cleaner**. (Select a style with ample capacity because the exhaust speed will decrease when the **element** becomes clogged.)
- The silencing effect could vary depending on the pneumatic circuit or the pressure that is used.
- Operate at a back pressure (Supply pressure) of 0.1MPa or less.
- The attached bracket is for supporting the exhaust cleaner body. Thus, it cannot support the piping or other items. If these items need to be supported, provide an additional support.

Mounting

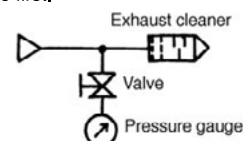
⚠ Caution

- An exhaust cleaner must be mounted vertically. If it is mounted diagonally, laterally, or inverted, the oil that is separated by the element will splash on the surroundings.

Maintenance

⚠ Caution

- If the exhaust speed drops and the system performance decreases due to clogging, replace with a new element. Make sure to verify the operating condition of the actuator at least once a day.
- The replacement interval for the element is before the internal pressure during exhaust reaches 0.1MPa or after 1 year of operation, whichever comes first.



- Provide a branch on the supply side of the exhaust cleaner to mount a valve and a pressure gauge.
- During inspection, open the valve and check the pressure at the time of exhaust discharge. (The **valve** must remain closed except for inspection. The pressure gauge could break if the valve remains open.)

AIR SERVICE EQUIPMENT

An air set should be used with all Red Rooster hoists and trolleys.

AIR SERVICE UNITS:

The correct size of air service unit for each hoist type is stated in the table on page 4. The air service unit must be installed with the lubricator unit down line from the filter unit. The unit should be installed at the hoist inlet port or within eight metres of inlet port. (Siting the unit further away or well below the hoist will result in lubricant being deposited on the internal walls of the supply line and hence it will be necessary to increase the lubricant rate above the levels specified (see section 1.2) to ensure adequate lubrication of the hoist. The ambient temperature range is -5°C to +60°C (with no freezing).

FILTER UNIT (WATER TRAP)

Manual drain units

As the name implies, these units must be drained by the operator as the filter bowl becomes full of water. The frequency of draining is entirely dependent upon the usage of the hoist and the moisture level of the air supply. ⚠ **CAUTION**

In clean environments e.g. laboratories, paint spray booths, manual drain filters are essential to prevent contamination.

Automatic drain units

These units are automatically self-purging. When the filter bowl is full it will automatically drain itself. Although very convenient to the user, the unit must be sited such that either the purged water is captured by a tray or it purges into an area away from personnel, equipment (particularly electrical equipment) and goods. If contamination from purged water is not a problem then automatic drain units should be selected.

Failure to fit and drain the filter will result in excessive moisture being carried into the hoist valve, motor and brake actuator resulting in internal corrosion and premature failure. ⚠ **DANGER**

LUBRICATOR UNIT

There are two types of lubricator available.

Oil mist lubricator

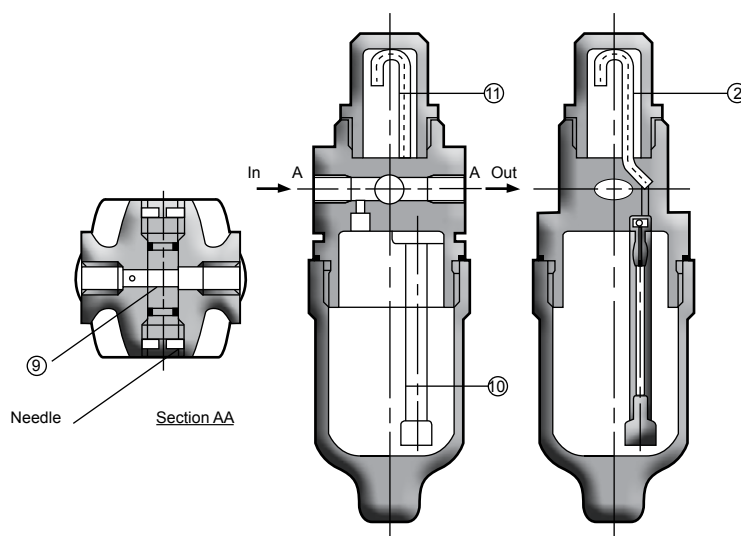
The preferred type, and essential where the lubricator must be sited some distance from the hoist. The unit produces atomised oil particles which remain in suspension in the air longer.

Droplet Lubricator

Due to the larger particle size of the droplets, these may only be used where the lubricator is close to the coupled hoist.

Failure to fit a lubricator and maintain the correct oil flow will result in rapid wear of the rotor vanes within the motor, excessive heat generation and failure of the air motor within a very short period. ⚠ **DANGER**
Keep the lubricator topped up with a light turbine oil. ⚠ **DANGER**

WORKING PRINCIPLE AND ADJUSTMENT



A portion of the air introduced from the IN side pressurises the lubricant inside the bowl. The remainder of the air passes through the needles (9), and flows to the OUT side. The pressure differential between the inside of the bowl and the inside of the sight dome (2), causes the lubricant inside the bowl into the oil passage (10). The lubricant drips from the dripping tube (11), and lubricate the OUT side. The amount of lubricant is adjusted by the needle (9), on the front face. Turning the needle clockwise increases the amount of lubricant, and turning it counter clockwise until fully opened shuts off the lubricant. The needle on the side that is not used should be left fully opened.

AIR SERVICE EQUIPMENT

REGULATOR UNIT

Most compressors are supplied with a regulator on the output. However, where a number of different pneumatic tools are supplied from the same compressor it is good practice to maintain the supply line or remain at a higher pressure and to fit a regulator to the supply at each tool.

The operating pressures stated for the air hoist are the pressures required at the hoist inlet manifold. Subject to the type of airline, a pressure drop in the line between 0.1 and 0.35 bar (2 and 5 p.s.i) per 10 metres of line should be anticipated (as a result of the frictional resistance of the walls).

MOUNTING / ADJUSTMENT - WARNING

1. Set the regulator while verifying the displayed values of the inlet and outlet pressure gauges. Turning the regulator knob excessively can cause damage to the internal parts.
2. Do not use tools on the pressure regulator knob as this may cause damage. It must be operated manually.

MOUNTING / ADJUSTMENT - CAUTION

1. Be sure to unlock the knob before adjusting the pressure and lock it after setting the pressure. Failure to follow this procedure can cause damage to the knob and the outlet pressure may fluctuate.
 - ▶ Pull the pressure regulator knob up to unlock. (You can visually verify this with the 'orange mark' that appears in the gap.)
 - ▶ Push the pressure regulator knob down to lock. When the knob is not easily locked, turn it left and right a little and then push it. (When the knob is locked, the 'orange mark', i.e. the gap will disappear.)
2. Pulsation will generate when the difference between the inlet and the outlet pressure is large. In this case, reduce the pressure difference between the inlet and the outlet. Please consult with SMC if pulsation problem is not resolved.
3. When the bowl is installed, install them so that the lock button lines up to the groove of the front (or the back) of the body to avoid dropping or damage of the bowl.

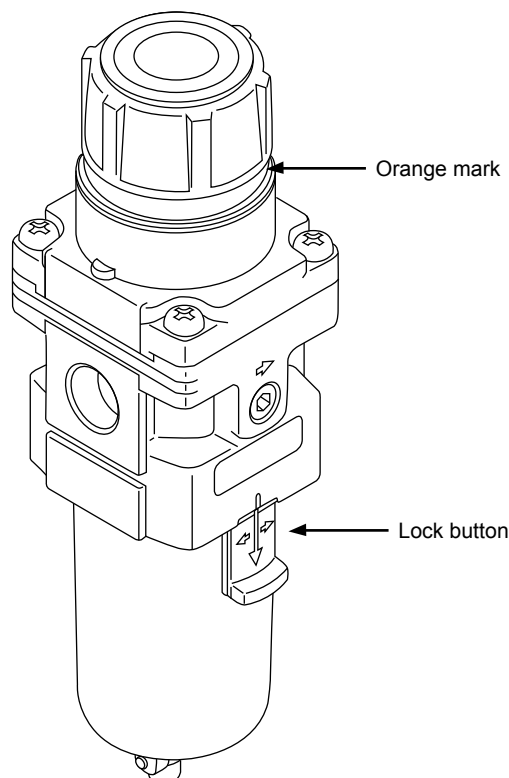


Image for illustration purposes only



LOG BOOK

PNEUMATIC HOIST AND TROLLEY INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

Pneumatic hoists, trolleys and overhead cranes should be inspected as specified in the 'Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 and The Provision of Use of Powered Machinery (PUWER) S12306 sections 5 & 6 and the results recorded in the log book.

External inspection by a competent person every 12 months or as per the examination scheme. The Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations S12306 - 1998.

DAILY OR SHIFT INSPECTION

At the same time each day at the start of each working day of shift operator should carry out a basic inspection of the equipment, its operation and lubrication as required.

MONTHLY OR 3 MONTHLY CHECKS

Depending on the frequency of use and the working conditions, inspection and maintenance should be done at suitable intervals to ensure any deterioration of the equipment will be detected and remedied in good time.

ANNUAL INSPECTION

A competent person with the requisite knowledge of the equipment should carry out a full inspection of powered lifting equipment every 12 months or after any exceptional circumstances which could jeopardize the safety of the lifting equipment. A report should be issued and sent to the customer / employer.

DAILY HOIST AND TROLLEY INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

The items listed below are intended as a guide for performing daily visual inspections of the components that have a direct bearing on the safety of the hoist and or trolley where the status may change with day to day use. The equipment items listed below do not necessarily need to be restricted to these items, but they should form the basis of the inspection.

OPERATING CONTROLS:	Check for malfunction, excessive wear, broken or damaged components and control function labels.
HOIST CHAIN:	Check chain lubrication, twisted chains (multi fall blocks).
AIR SET:	Check oil level indicator.
SAFETY CATCHES:	Check operation and for damage.
NOISE / OPERATION:	Check for any unusual noise and speeds during function tests.
HOIST OPERATION:	Check the hoist starts and stops quickly.

EXTRA CHECKS FOR TROLLEY

OPERATION:	Check movement and control of the trolley.
TROLLEY MOVEMENT:	Check the trolley moves smoothly along the beam.

PNEUMATIC HOIST AND TROLLEY MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

TO BE CARRIED OUT MONTHLY OR THREE MONTHLY DEPENDING ON THE HOIST WORKING CONDITIONS

DAMAGE:	External inspection of hoist for damage or wear.
HOIST CHAIN:	Check chain lubrication, twisted chains (multi fall blocks) and excessive wear or damaged chain links. (Light mineral oil).
HOOKS:	Check hooks swivel, hook opening and safety catch.
AIR SET:	Check and fill up lubricator bowl and adjust drop rate as required.
FITTINGS/HOSES:	Check all air-line fitting are secure and there are no air leaks.
BOLTS:	Check security of bolts, chain collector and chain anchor.
AIR MOTOR:	Check air motor and silencers - replace as required.
OPERATION:	Function test hoists running speed and control operation without load and then check lifting a load of around 50% of SWL to check brake operation and controls when loaded.
LIMIT SWITCHES:	Check operation of upper and lower limits at slow speed.

EXTRA CHECKS FOR TROLLEY

RUNWAY BEAM:	Check the beam is smooth and flat without obstruction and that the end stops are in place and secure.
DIVE PINION:	Check drive pinion and wheels are fitting correctly and not worn, grease if required.
ADJUSTMENT:	Check flange adjustment, anti tilt roller setting, load bar nuts - adjust or tighten if required,
AIR LINES:	Check security of control lines and supply hoses and fittings.
OPERATION:	Function test over the complete range of travel.
SUPPLY HOSES:	Check air lines are supported and the weight is not hanging from the air set.

When detecting any abnormality during inspection due to erroneous use, instruct the operator and user for correct use of the chain hoist.

LOG BOOK



RED ROOSTER LIFTING

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LOG BOOK



MAINTENANCE CHECKS

TO BE CARRIED OUT MONTHLY IN PRODUCTION OPERATIONS WHERE HEAVILY USED OR IN HARSH WORKING CONDITIONS.
TO BE CARRIED OUT THREE MONTHLY WHEN THE HOIST IS ONLY USED OCCASIONALLY.

PLEASE CONTACT RED ROOSTER TO CONFIRM IF MONTHLY OR THREE MONTHLY MAINTENANCE CHECKS ARE REQUIRED IF YOU ARE NOT SURE.

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PLEASE CONTACT RED ROOSTER TO CONFIRM IF MONTHLY OR THREE MONTHLY MAINTENANCE CHECKS ARE REQUIRED IF YOU ARE NOT SURE.

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